



KNOWLEDGE CENTRE FOR AGRICULTURE



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Udder Health Program in Denmark

28 march 2012
Pärnu, Estonia

Dip. ECBHM
Jørgen Katholm

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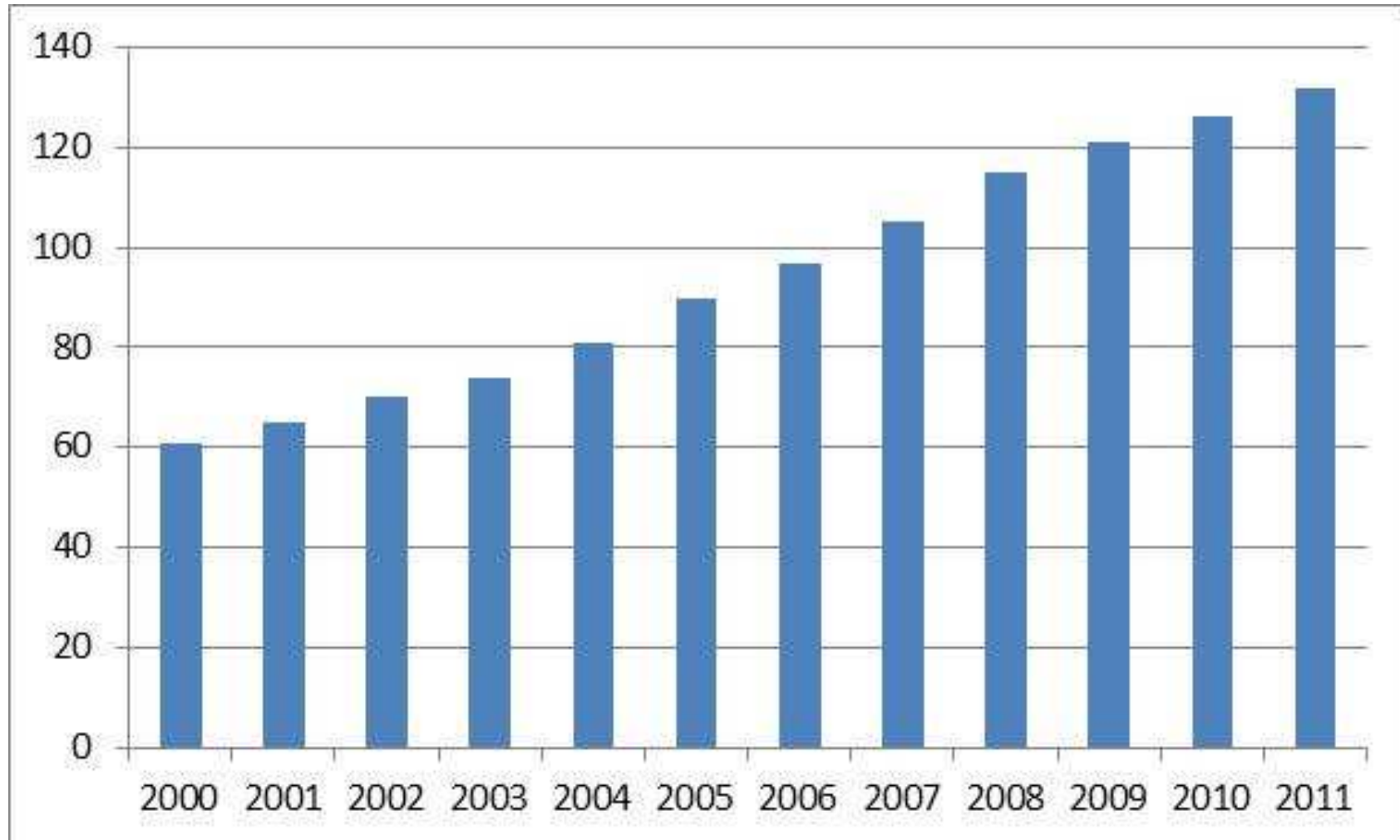


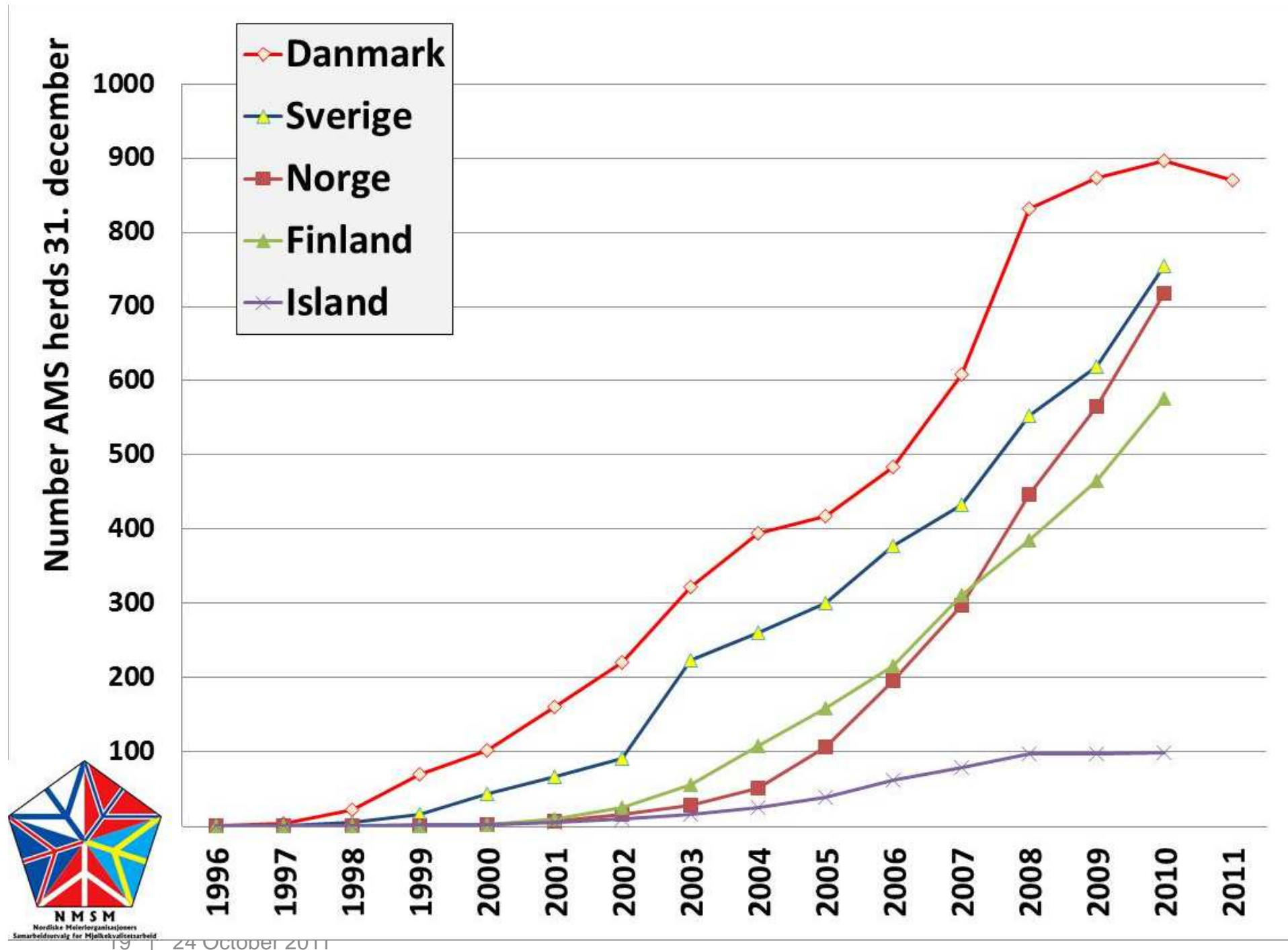




Average Herd size in Denmark

132 cows in 2011







Denmark leading in AMS in the world

	Denmark	Finland	Island	Norway	Sweden	Nordic Countries
Cows in AMS (%)	26,2	12,4	25,1	14,5	19,9	20
Milk fromAMS (%)	26,9	14,1	26,4	17	22,3	22
AMS box/herd	2,34	1,22	1,2	1,03	1,53	1,58

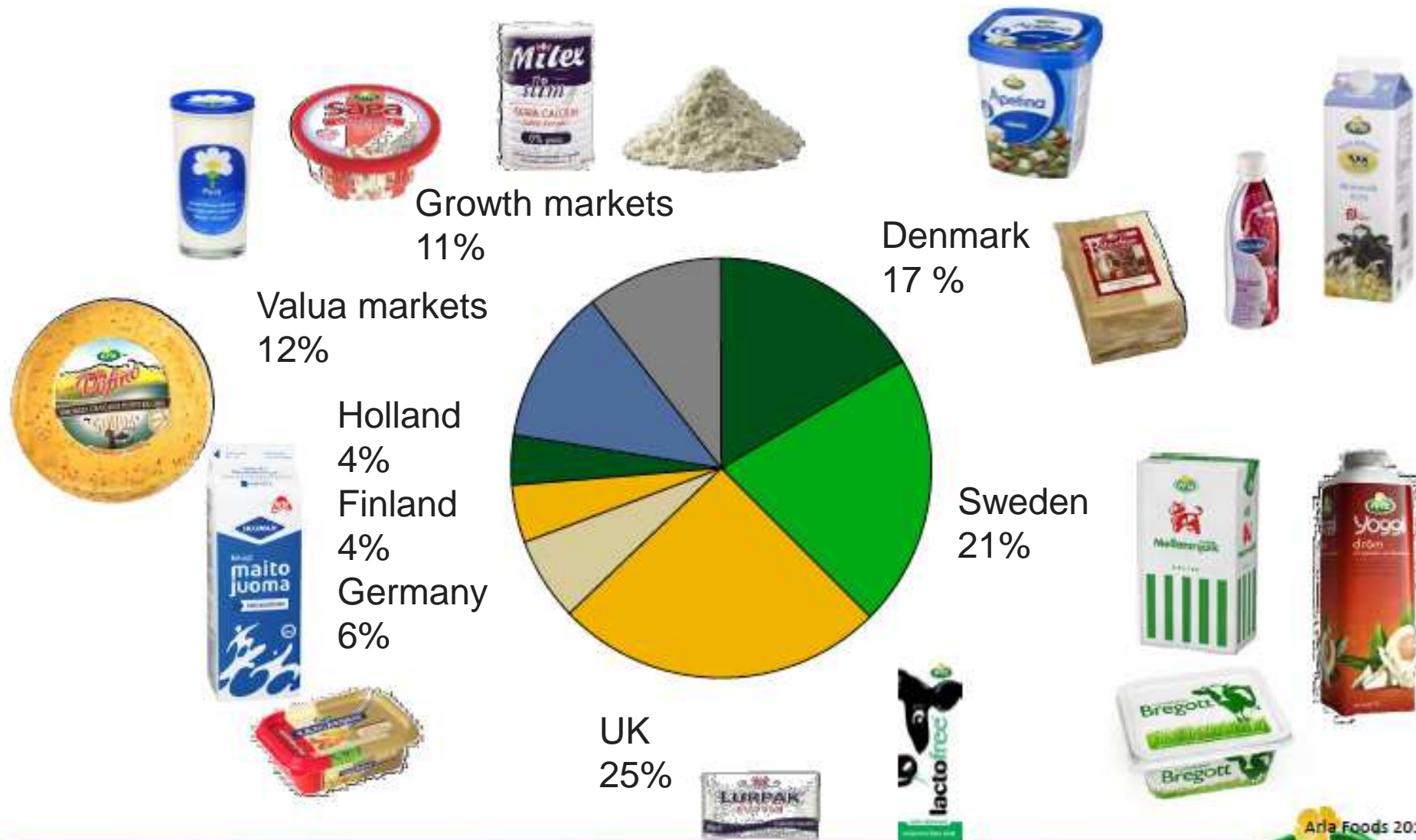
Organic herds 10%

10 % of milk



Omsætning fordelt på markeder

I alt 49,0 mia. kr.



EU – and milk quality

Nr 853/2004 of 29 april 2004

- From animals with no infectious diseases that can be transmitted to humans via milk
- Healthy animals specially no genital diseases with discharge, enteritis with diarrhea or mastitis
- Total bacterial count TBC < 100.000 bacteria/ml
 - Geometric mean in 2 months
 - At least 2 samples pr week
- Somatic Cell Count SCC < 400.000 cells/ml
 - Geometric mean in 3 months with at least 1 sample pr month



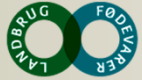
Danish Dairy quality TBC

	- 30.000	+1%
31.000	- 50.000	0%
51.000	- 200.000	- 4%
200.000	-	-10%



Danish Dairy quality SCC

	- 200.000	+2%
201.000	- 300.000	+1%
301.000	- 400.000	- 0%
401.000	- 500.000	-4%
501.000	-	-10%



Denmark and infectious diseases

Free of

Foot and Mouth

Tb

Brucellosis

IBR

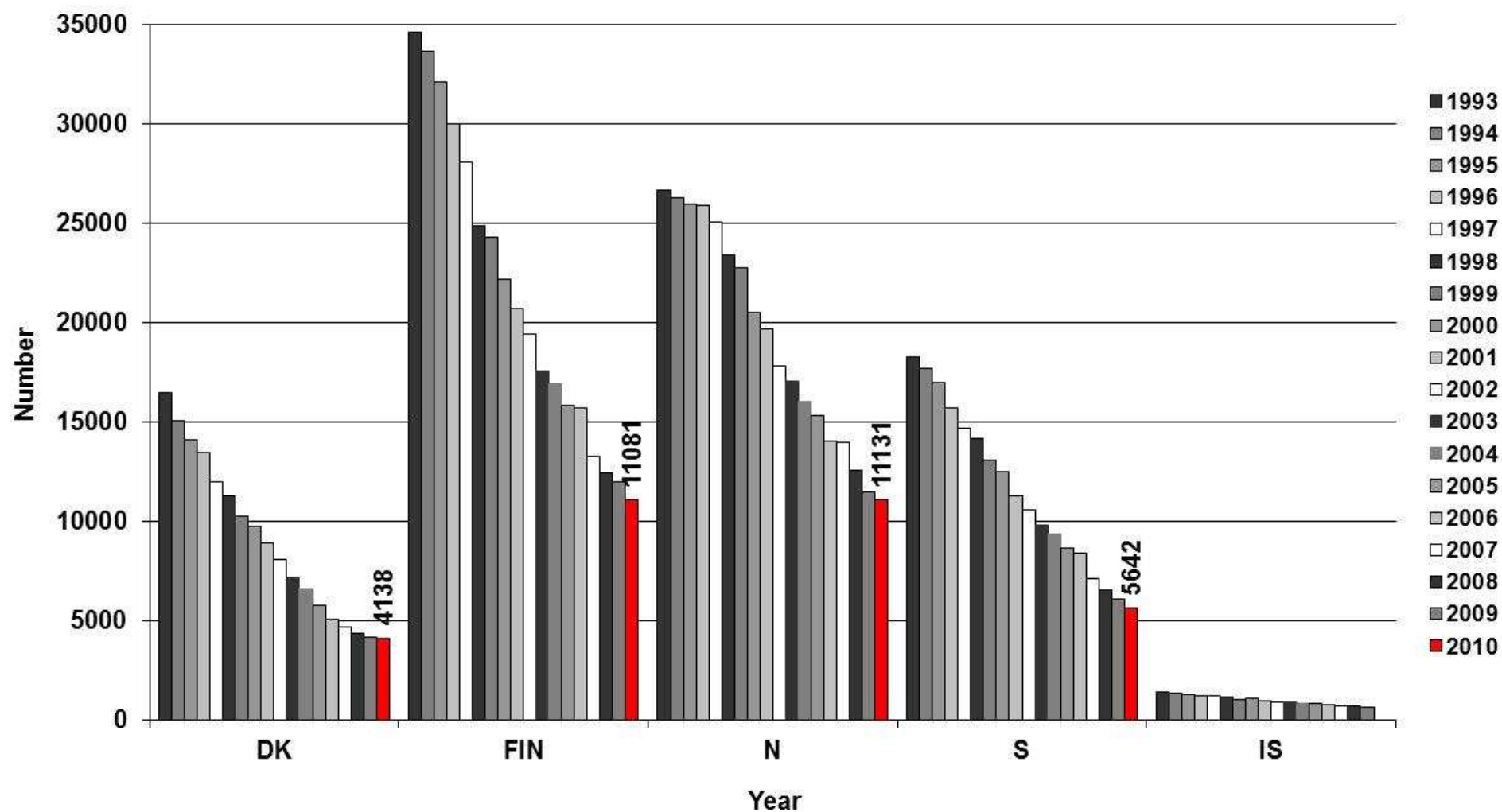
BVD (7)

Salmonella (2014)

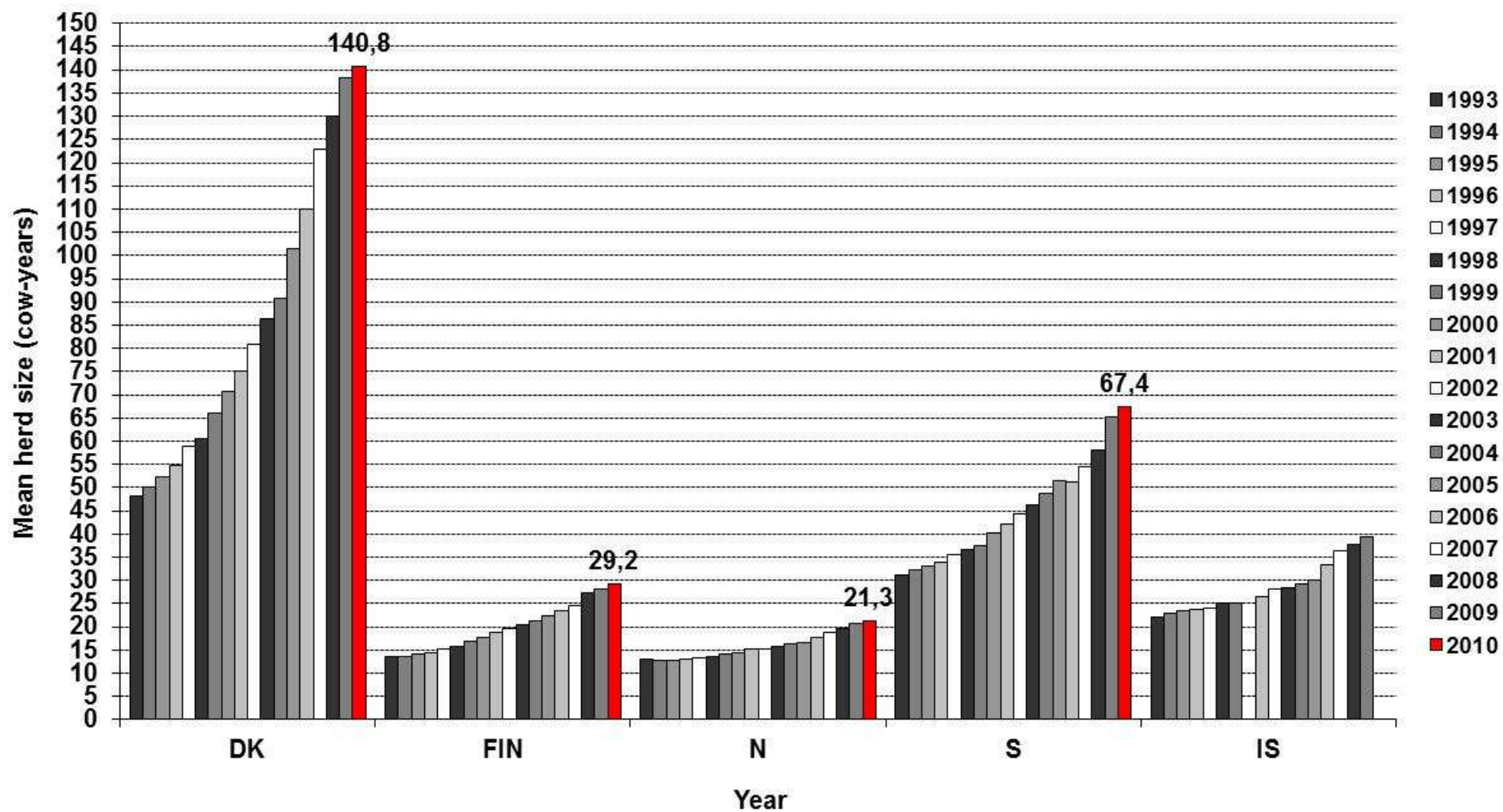
Johnes ?



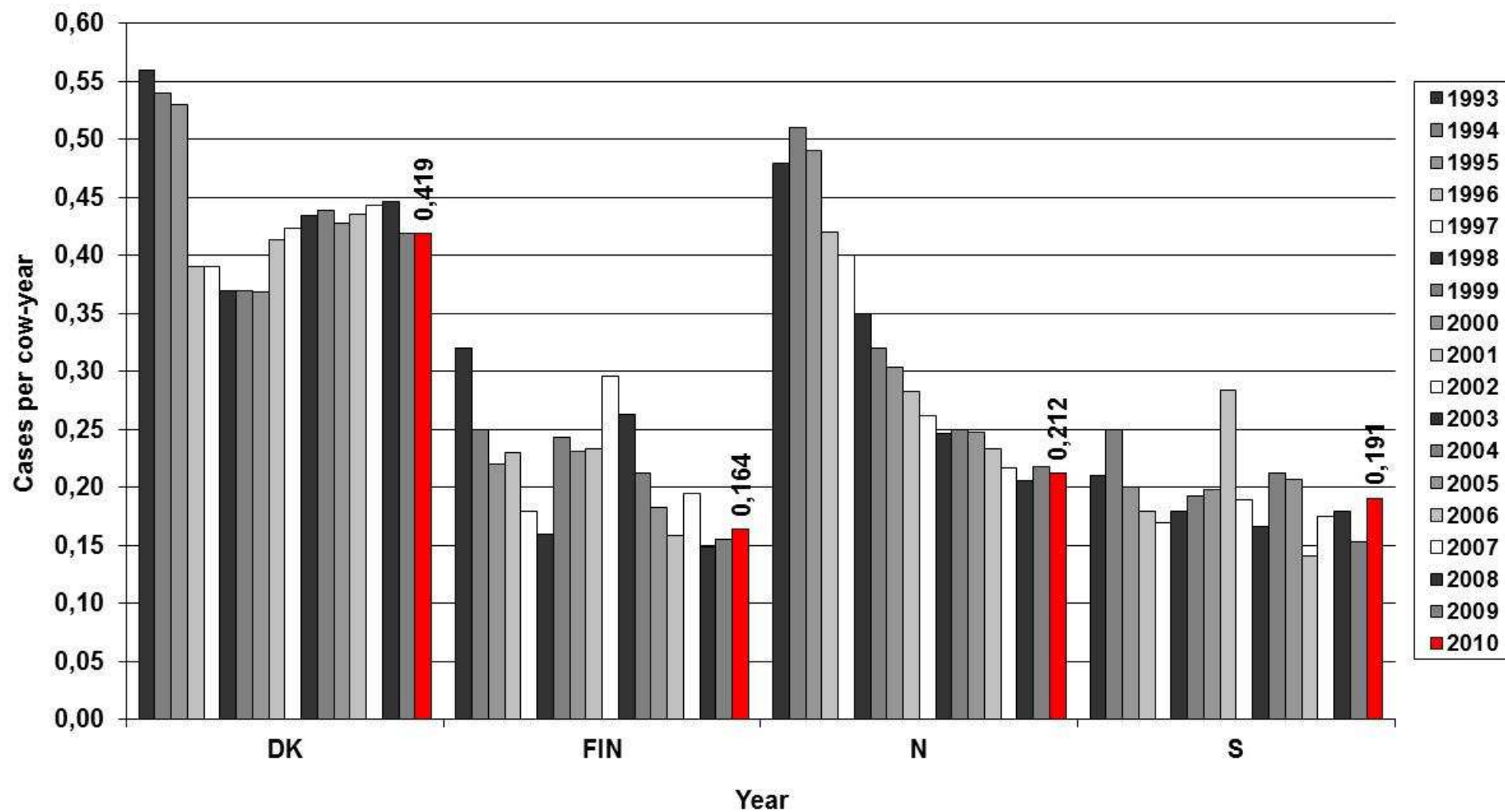
Number of milk producers



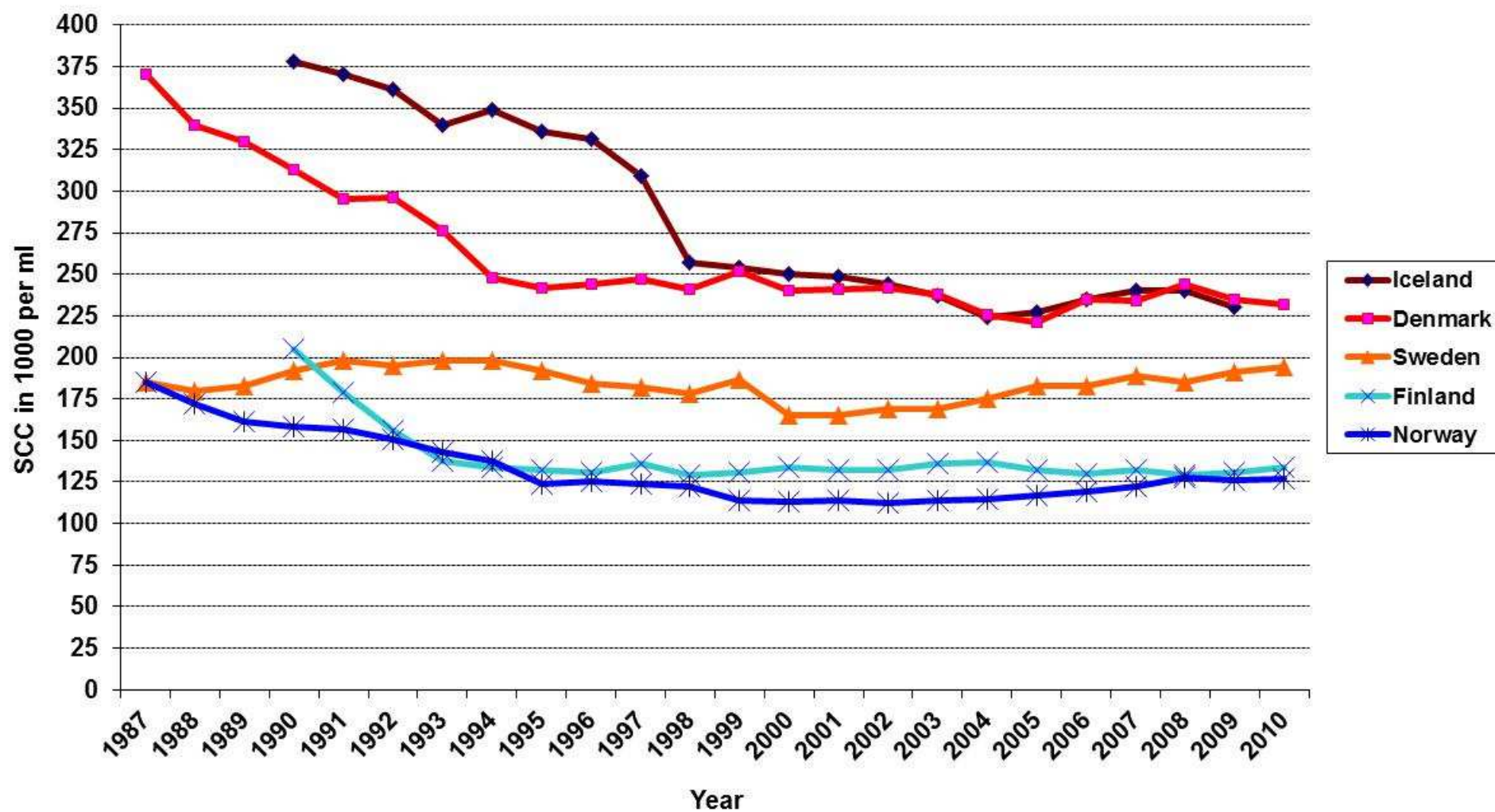
Herd size within animal recording



Incidence rate of clinical mastitis



BMSCC geometric means





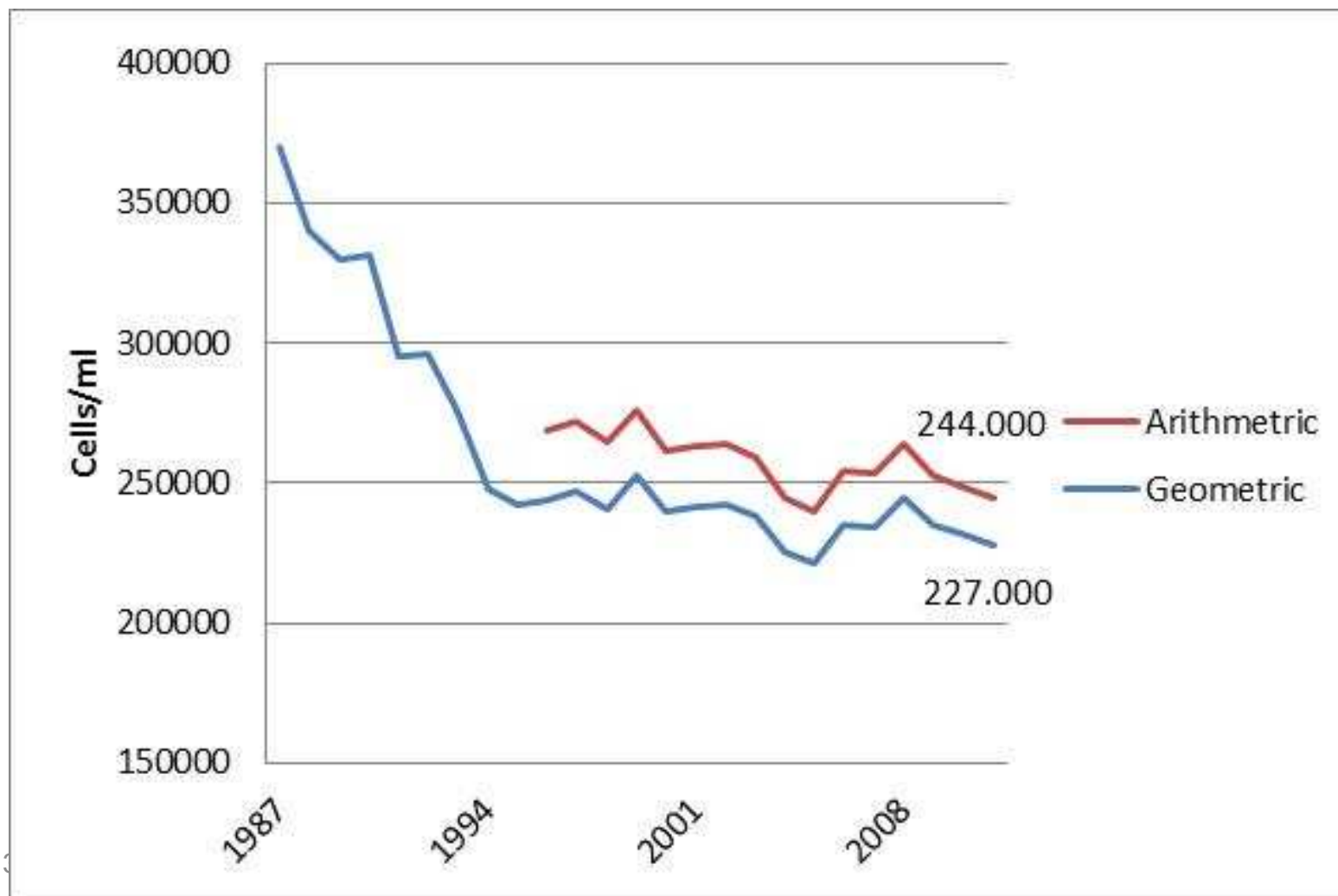
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Danish bulk tank somatic cell count

1897 - 2011



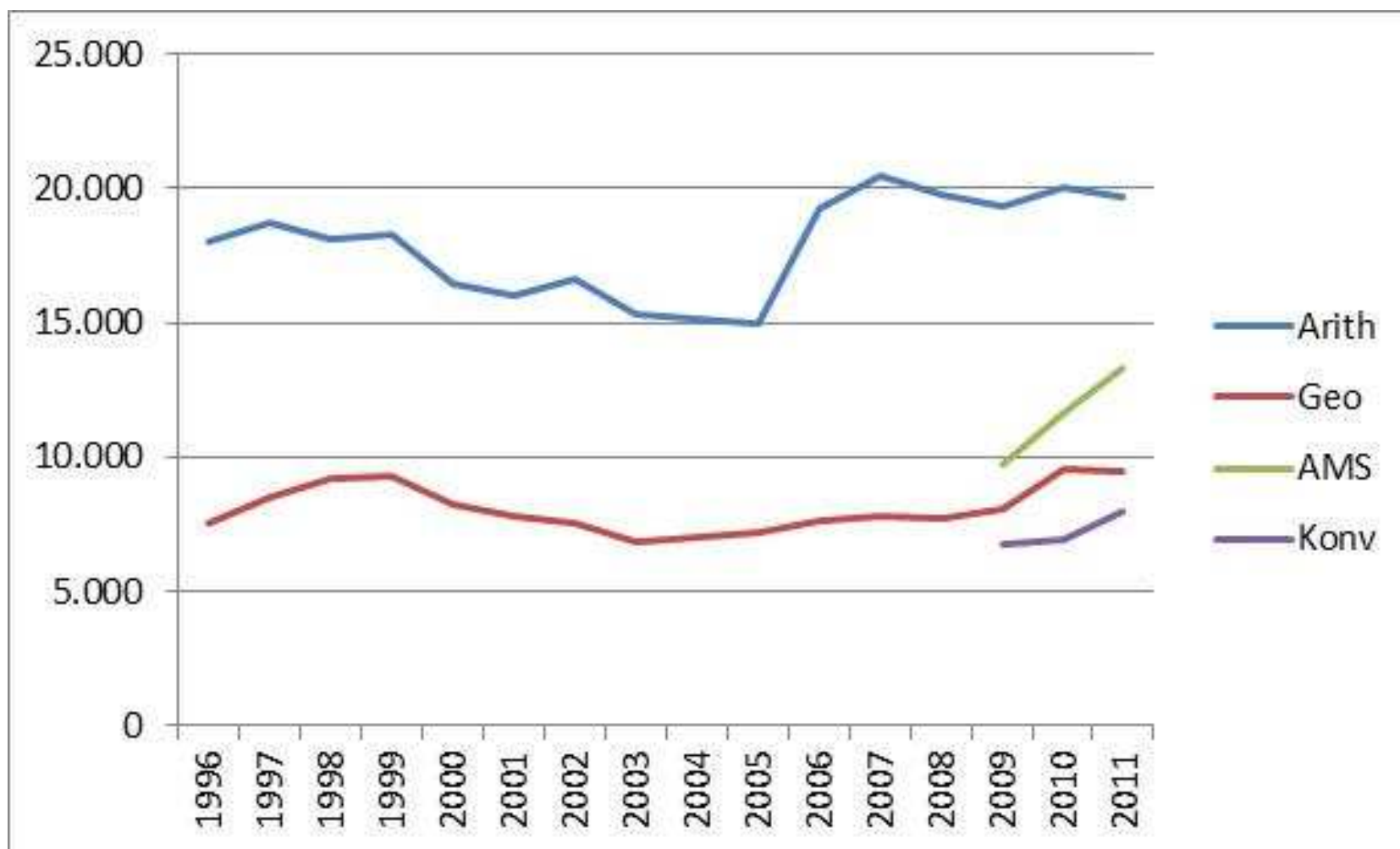
Bulk Tank Milk SCC geometrisk somatic cell count pr week





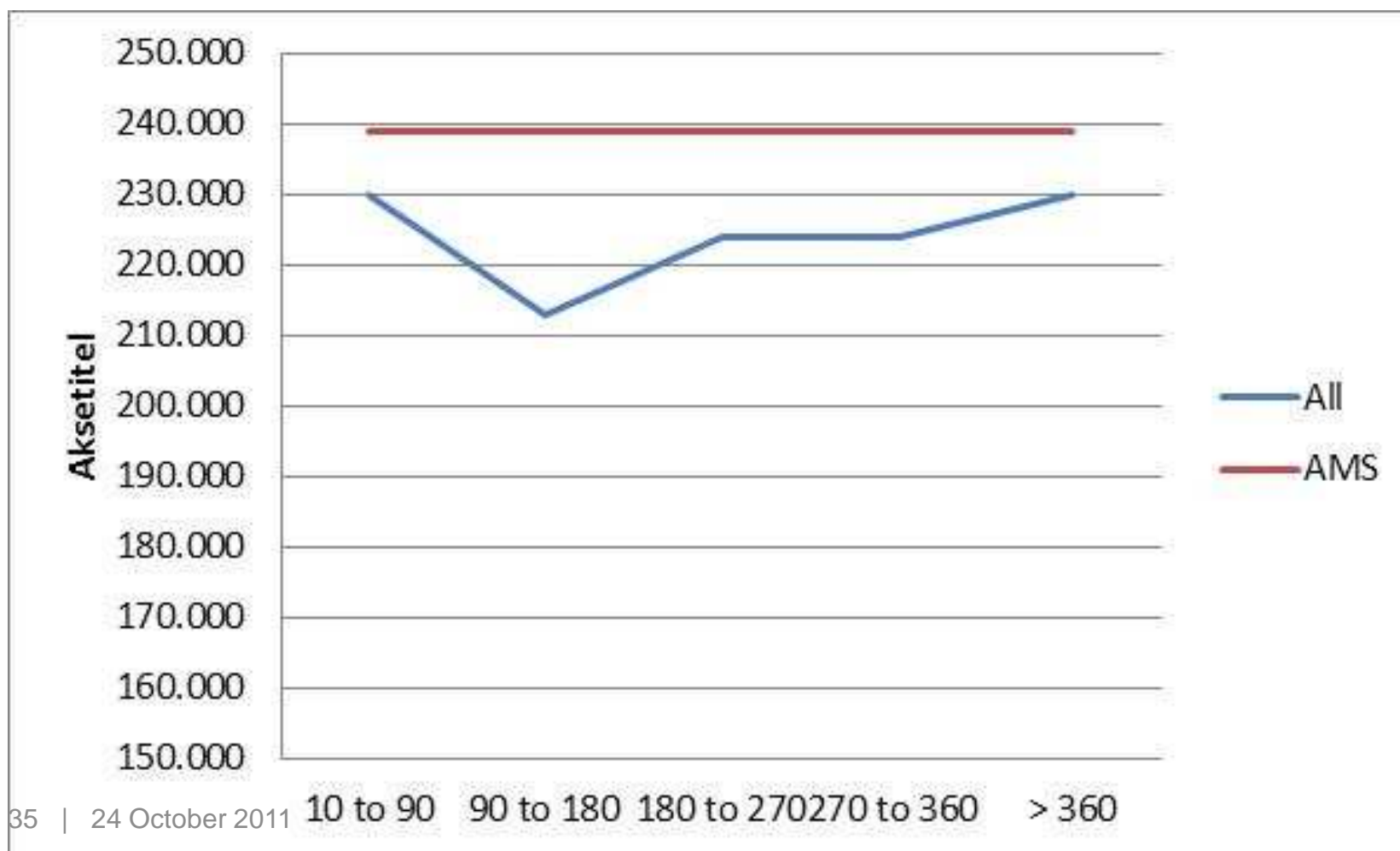
Danish total bacterial count

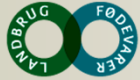
1996 -2011



BTSCC and herd size

Sept. 2010 – Aug. 2011





Our milk – a pure pleasure

Goals

Bulk tank SCC	<150,000
Bulk tank TBC	<5,000
Antibiotic residues	0
Mastitis therapy	50% reduction
Dry cow therapy	low increase

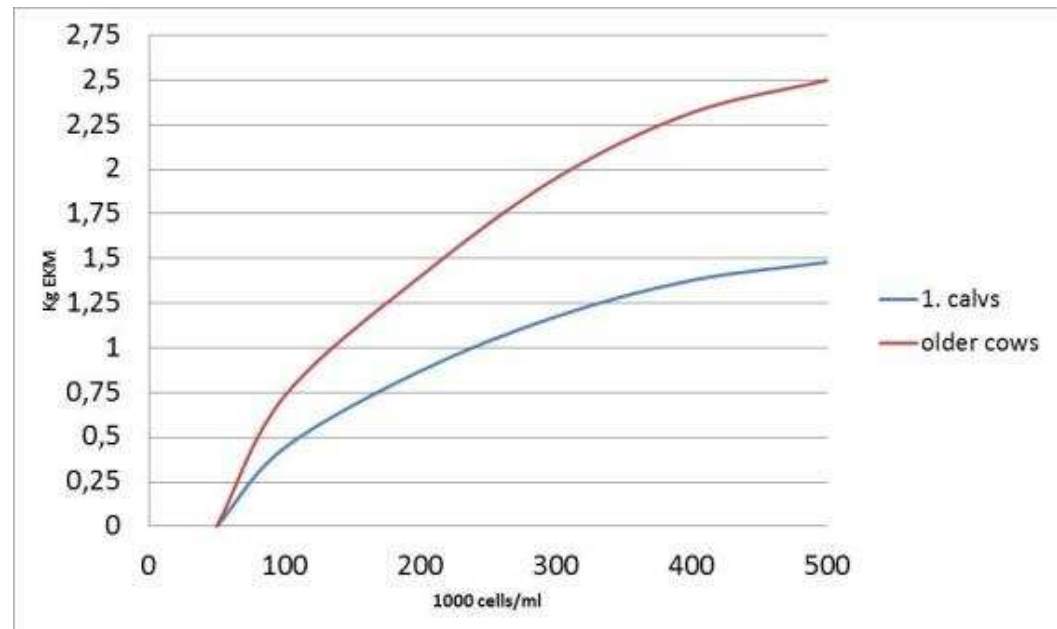


Change of attitude

- Farmers are highly modern food producers
- Therefore
 - Milk quality must be better
 - Low SCC
 - Low TBC
 - No residues in milk
 - Low mastitis with high animal welfare
 - Reduction in medicine used for cattle

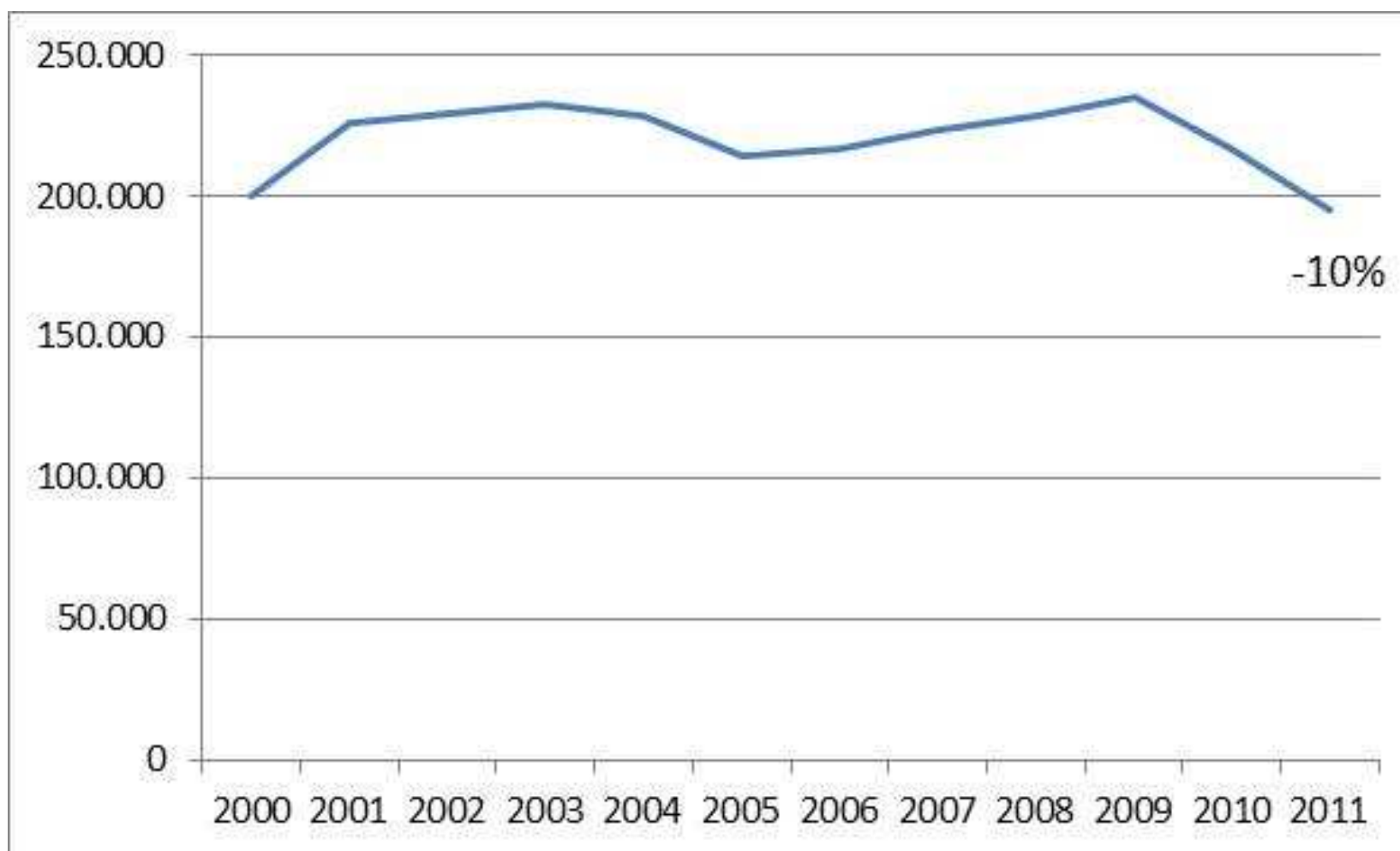
Low SCC

- Good milk quality lower than 150,000
- Fighting the attitude that just below payment border at 400,000, 300,000 and 200,000 is OK
- Every reduction in SCC is money



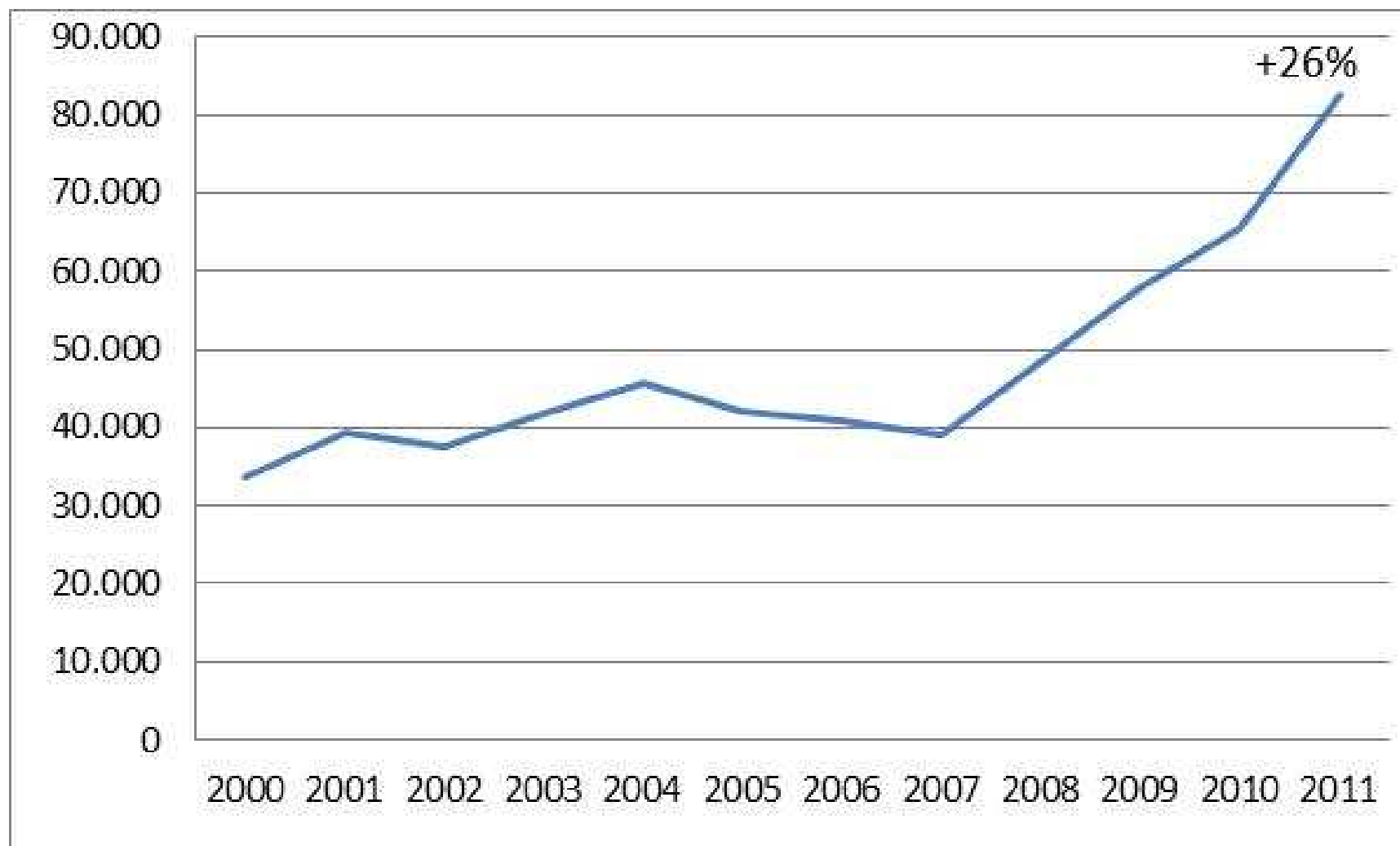


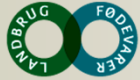
Mastitis treatments





Dry cow therapy





Drug distribution in Denmark

Reduced profit on medicine in 1995

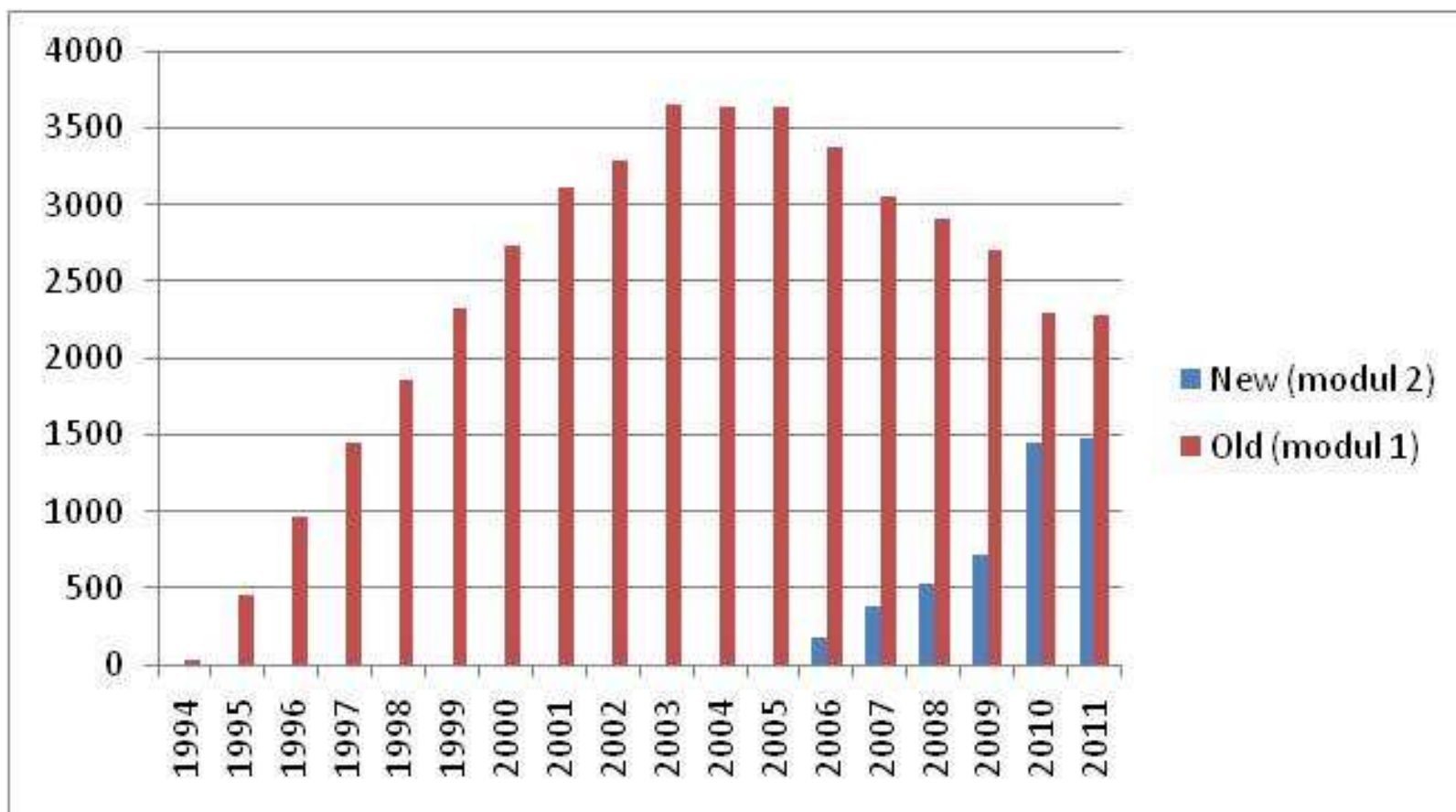
- Used by vets max 10%
- Distributed max. 5%

No herd health regulation

Medicine can be distributed to calves < 1 year

- For re-treatments of cases within 5 days
- Diagnosed and started by a veterinarian

Herd Health agreements cattle 1994 – March 2011





Heard health regulation in Denmark 1995

Old Herd Health regulation now modul 1

12 visits each year

20-40 days

Medicin for re-treatments 5 days

cows > 2 year

For cattle less than 2 year, Herddiagnosis diarree and lung

drugs from Drugstore - 35 days reordination



Herd Health visits modul 1

Old Herd Health regulations - monthly visits

Evaluate registrations of herdsman/veterinarian since last visit.

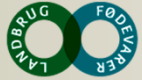
Clinical evaluation - all stables, herd status in relation to production.

Evaluate a few key data on production.

Deaths, medicine, production, zoonoses, slaughterhouse findings and maybe other data

Identify problems by analyses of observations at the herd visit - production and health data.

A written report.



Obligatory Heard Health – july 2010

All herds more than 100 cows

Focus area All herds

Animal welfare – farmers have to follow code of practice. Veterinary audit all areas yearly

Dead cattle

Medicine

Risk-based control by authorities

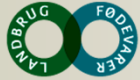


Obligatory herd health

Module 2 - weekly visits 52/26/18

Animal welfare

1. Relevante data medicin, death and slaughter house
2. Results from audit of the herdsman's code of practice program
3. General welfare in all stables, evt. cattle on pasture
4. Evaluate possible influence of deficiencies on welfare - feeding, climate, stable and production.



Obligatory Herd Health

New Herd Health regulation now modul 2 52/26/18

Medicine

Farmer can start treatment of all Herd diagnosis

diagnosed by the vet in the herd earlier

appearing regular basis

defined by specific symptoms

drugs from drugstore

35 days reordination

Farmer can use iv. calcium and iu. uteritoria after day

course and 5 practical trainings and registration



New Herd Health regulations

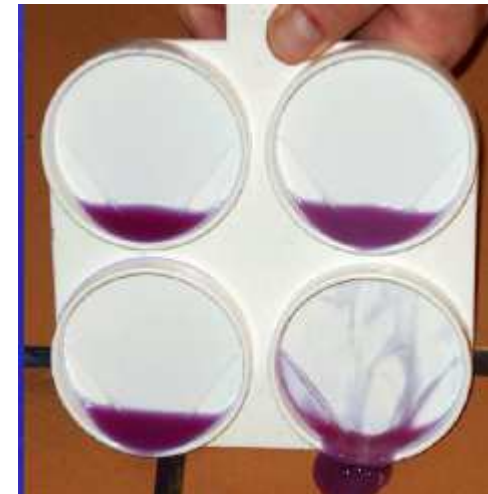
Module 2 - weekly visits

- Clinical examination of all risk animals:
 - 5-19 days after calving
 - 0 - 40 days before expected calving (dry off)

Udder, vagina/uterus, body condition, CMT

- New calves 5-19 days, navel palpation
- Cattle treated by the herdsman
- Registrations since last Herd Health visit

CMT 1 – 5



Vagina / Uterus 1 - 9



Body condition score 1 – 5



Ketosis 1 – 5 (urin or milk)



Ketosis



Faecal examination 1 - 9



Legs

Hock 0- 4

lamenes 0 - 9



Clinical registrations



Clinical registrations



Voluntary treatment regulations

May 2008, authorities, vet organisation, farmer organisation and research institute

Behandlingsvejledning kvæg							
Sygdom	Agens	Antibiotikum	Effekt	Resistens	Human betydning	WHO	OIE
Køer							
Mastitis, universel behandling	Staph. aureus Koagulase negative staph.	Phenethamat hydrochlorid	+++		+++	++	+++
		Benzylpen. Prok	+++		+++	++	+++
		Benzylpen. prok / DHS	+++		+++	++	+++
		Oxytetracycline	++		+++	++	+++
		Oxytetracyclinhydrochlorid	++		+++	++	+++
		Sulfadiazin / TMP	++		++	++	+++
		Sulfadoxin / TMP	++		++	++	+++
		Amoxicillin	++		++	++	+++
		Tylosin	+++		++	+	+++
		Spiramycin	+++		++	+	+++
		Ampicillin	+		++	++	+++
	Strep. uberis Strep. agalactia Strep. dysgalactia	Benzylpen. prok	+++		+++	++	+++
		Benzylpen. prok / DHS	+++		+++	+	+++
		Phenethamat hydrochlorid	+++		+++	++	+++
		Amoxicillin	++		++	++	+++
		Sulfadiazin / TMP	++		++	++	+++
		Sulfadoxin / TMP	++		++	++	+++
		Tylosin	+++		++	+	+++
		Spiramycin	+++		++	+	+++
		Ampicillin	+		++	++	+++

Special mastitis regulations

- Mastitis therapy

All cows treated with other antibiotics than simple penicillin

milk sample investigated by culture or PCR

- Dry cow therapy

All cows for dry cow therapy has to have a positive result of infection in a milk sample from at least one quarter either by culture or PCR



Conclusion - Danish milk quality campaign

- Clear goals – clean milk – low BTSCC and TBC
- Veterinary regulation and treatment protocols
- Reduction of therapy in lactation 10%
- Increase in DCT 26%
- Reduction in 3+4 gen cephalosporines tubes 66% i 3 years



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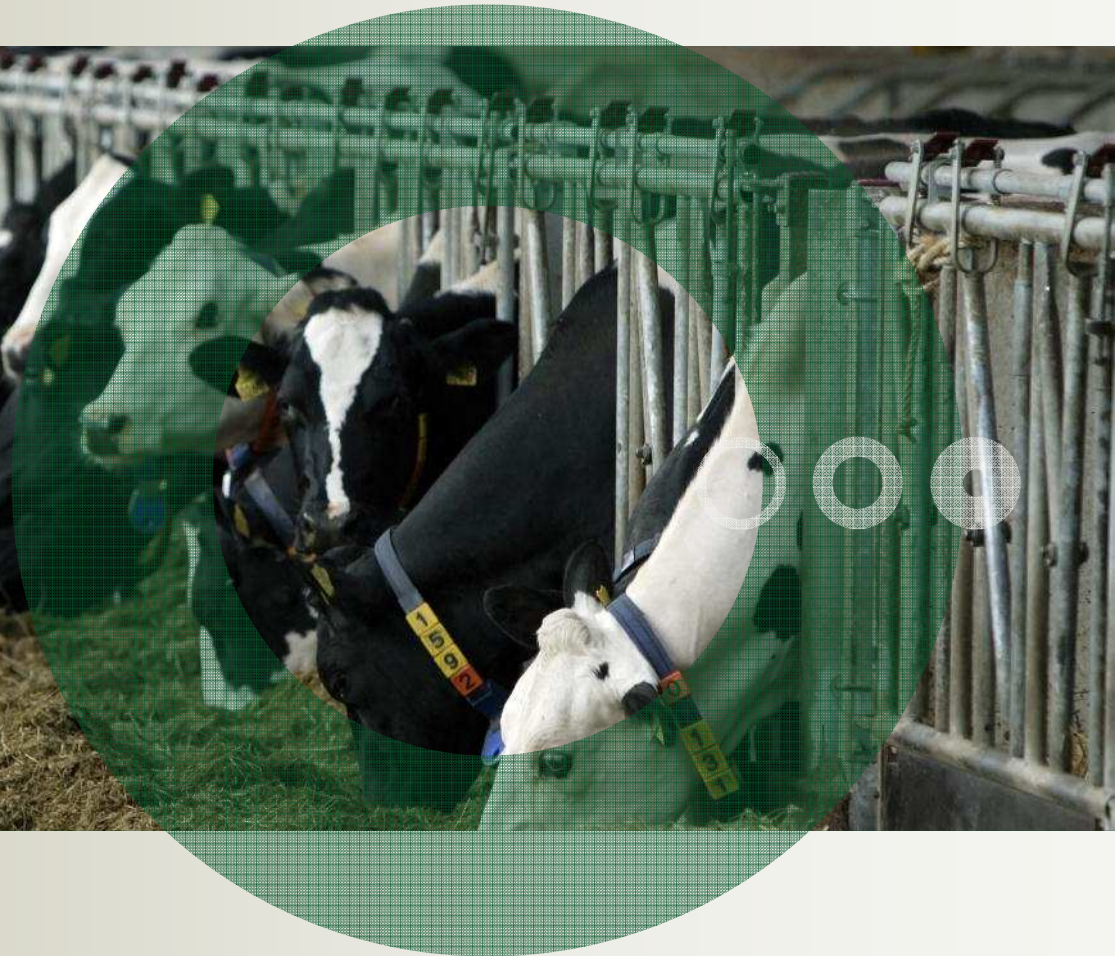
Cattle

Mastitis prevention program

28 march 2012
Pärnu, Estonia

Dip. ECBHM
Jorgen Katholm
Denmark

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Mastitis prevention program

- Surveliance Bulk tank milk by PCR – Pathoproof
- SCC at each delivery and payment after SCC
- Surveliance Cow SCC DHI sampling
- Use og individual cow DHI sampling and PCR

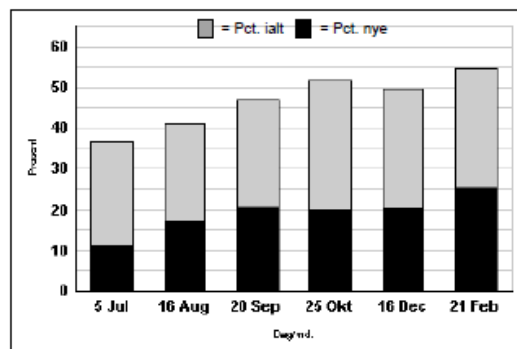
- | ○ CNS | what to do |
|-----------------------|------------|
| ○ Staf aureus | - |
| ○ Strep uberis | - |
| ○ E.coli / klebsiella | - |
| ○ Strep agalactiae | - |

All data ind Danish cattle database

DHI – individual cow results

Dansk Kvæg	Malkekvæg	Celletalsopgørelse			
	Bes-nr Kontrol	Udskrevet	23.02.12 15.58	Side	1

Procent køer med forhøjet celletal



Forklaring til koderne mellem celletalsværdierne herunder:
y = Yverbetændelse a = Anden yverlidelse
g = Goldbehandling k = Kirtelprøve udtaget
z = Yverbetændelse og kirtelprøve udtaget

Tankcelletal til mejeriet

Uge	Celletal/1000	Uge	Celletal/1000
47	268	02	253
48	268	03	252
49	246	04	271
50	261	05	293
51	225	06	280
52	229	07	282
01	220	08	267
Geometrisk gns. sidste 3 mdr.			256

Celletal på kontroldagen

Gns. ydelseskontrol *	312
Tankprøve	

* Meget høje celletal måles for lavt. Derfor er celletallet i Gns. Ydelseskontrol også angivet for lavt.

Ko nr.	Celletalsværdi						Ønskes udsat	Kontroldagen			
	5 JUL	16 AUG	20 SEP	25 OKT	16 DEC	21 FEB		Celletal /1000	Kælvning Nr.	Dage fra	Pot. af tank

Sandsynligheden for yverinfektion											
Akut forhøjet celletal											
C 71-01245	3	5	4	.	.	5	X	426	6	59	40,4
C 23-01298	2	4	1	g.	1	5		901	3	90	33,8
C 81-01741	5	5	4	3	.	5		1.636	4	26	19,1
C 81-01790	3	3	3	2	.	5		680	3	31	34,0
C 81-01810	2	2	4	1	g.	5		2.281*	3	56	52,8
C 81-01847	5	3	.	.	.	5		281	3	64	41,4
C 81-01856	1	1	1	1	g.	y5		2.578*	3	39	37,4
C 81-01922	.	1	2	5	2	5		2.404*	2	236	38,5
C 39-01930	2	1	1	2	g.	3		140	6	24	34,3

Percent new and chronic infected

Bulk tanks SCC by week

Individual cows SCC
 SCC index last 6 control date
 % the cow SCC accounts of tank SCC

Købebase

Herd
Animal numbers

Milk production

Meat production
Data slaughter

Diseases + death
Cows

Reproduction

Milk quality
TBC
SCC

Herd
Animal numbers

Diseases +death
Young animals

Dansk Kvæg	Mælkekvæg	Negletal
	Bes-vr Kontrol:	Udskrevet: 23.02.12 15.58 Side 1

Besætningsoplysninger

Dyrstatus pr.	21.02.12	Fodring, optimalt niveau (FE)	Avt
Køer:	lall: 681 Årskøer: 697	Fodermiddelniveau: 1. kalve: Øvrige:	Gns. N/TM: 5 Gns. Y-indeks køer: 104 Gns. Y-indeks kvier: 110
Ungdyr:	Tyrer: Kvier:		
Over 24 mdr:	1: 18		
12 - 24 mdr:	360		
0 - 12 mdr:	31: 379		
Dage fra kælvning:	186		
Udskiftnings pct:	40		

Mælkeproduktion

Mål: 10 - 500 kg EKM									
		EKM		Fedt pct.		Protein pct.		Klassificering: Kintal 2 mdr.	
		Mål	Opnået	Mål	Opnået	Mål	Opnået	Celltetal 3 mdr	Antal gns.
Aktuel fodring									
1. kalv 0 - 32 uger	29,9	26,6	-	3,88	-	3,33		Kintal Antal under 30	4
Øvrige 0 - 32 uger	37,9	35,8	-	3,95	-	3,29		+ 30 - 100	
Sidste kontrol	29,1	27,7	4,24	3,99	3,39	3,36		+ Over 100	1
2. Sidste kontrol	26,5	26,8	4,34	4,11	3,52	3,48		Geometrisk gns	27
3. Sidste kontrol	25,2	25,5	4,20	4,26	3,49	3,49		Celltetal Antal leverance 18 mdr	
Sidste 12 mdr: 31.01								under 201	1: 201 - 300
Yktr Ydehæko	9.944	-	4,03	-	3,41			301 - 400	6: 401 - 500
Mejeri i alt (kg mælk)	6.415.740	-	3,99	-	3,38			501 - 800	Over 800
Kvotende (kg mælk)	6.215.667	-	4,06	-				Geometrisk gns	256
Pct.lev. til mejeri sidste 3 mdr:									91

Kødproduktion

Køer	Mål	Opnået sidste 12 mdr.	Ungtyre	Mål	Opnået sidste 12 mdr.
Klassificering	4,0	2,5 *	2,4 *	Klassificering	4,0
Beregnet levende vægt	631	630	Beregnet levende vægt	1200	
Dage fra kælvning	260	242	Daglig tilvækst	1200	
I alt slagtet	224	90	I alt slagtet	0	0

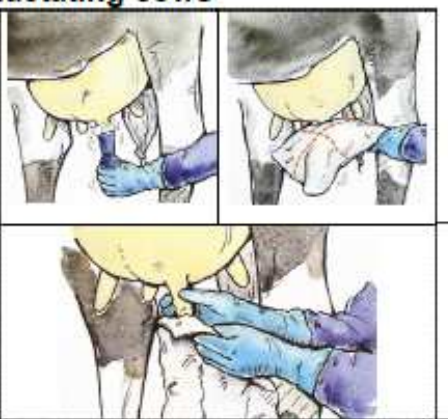


Sundhed

Køer	Sidste 12 mdr.	Sidste 3 mdr.	Ungdyr	Sidste 12 mdr.	Sidste 3 mdr.
	Norm	Opnået	Norm	Opnået	Norm
Sygdom ex. kløvnegler	1226	353	260	93	
Yverbetændelse	588	167	99	39	
Fordøjelsesforstyrrelser	136	22	40	6	
Lemmelidelse	45	46 *	11	11	
Reg. v. kløvnegler	860		134		
Reproduktionslidelser	224	117	56	37	
Døde	15	40 *	4	12 *	
Gns. Celltetal YKTR	250	297	250	315	
Sygdomstilfælde i alt					
Kalve under 6 mdr	23	29 *	8	11 *	
Kvier over 6 mdr		11 *		4 *	
Tyrer over 6 mdr					
Dedede kalve	28	72 *	9	23 *	
Døde 0-180 dag	23	25 *	8	7	
Døde over 180 dag	2 *			1 *	

Reproduktion


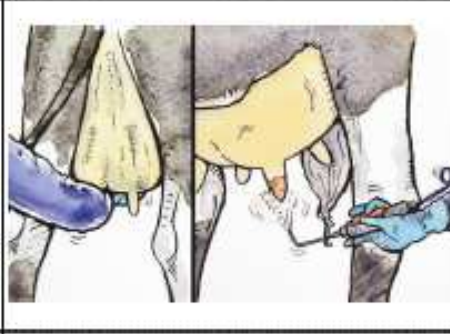
Pr. 21.11.11	Sidste 12 mdr.	(Alle)	Næste 12 mdr.	Pr. 21.02.12	Sidste 12 mdr.	Forv. næste 12 mdr.
	Norm	Opnået	Forventet			
Køer: Antal drægtige	532	351 *	(352)	561	401 *	
Pct. drægtige af påbegyndt	85	62 *	(62)	85	67	
Temperode dage	91	113 *	(89)	91	101 *	
Start inseminering	40	47 *		40	50 *	
Inseminerings pct	50	46 *		50	54	
Drægtigheds pct	40	41		40	32 *	
Kvier: Antal drægtige	310	308	(311)	345	378	
Alder ved drægtighe	16,1	14,9	(14,9)	16,1	14,9	
Kælvning i alt:						
Heraf 1. kalve	744			748		
Alder 1. kælvning	281			259		
Ukendt drægtighedsstatus	24,6			22,1		
Antal køer	146	(23%)				
Antal kvier	68	(23%)				

3. Milking - Of normally lactating cows

<p>3.1 Milk cow in tank ____ 14 days after calving</p> <p>Wipe teats and teat ends thoroughly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use gloves • Pre-dip with _____ • One cloth per cow • Wipe every teat with a clean part of the cloth 	
<p>3.2 Foremilk 3-4 strong squirts from every teat in CMT-tester or in test cup</p> <p>If the milk contains blood, clots or is visibly changed – milk the cow separately (see SOP 4) and contact _____ (Manager, vet)</p>	
<p>3.3 Interval of ____ (30) seconds</p> <p>Attach teat cups without false air intake</p>	

3. Milking - Of normally lactating cows

(Write name of the farm)

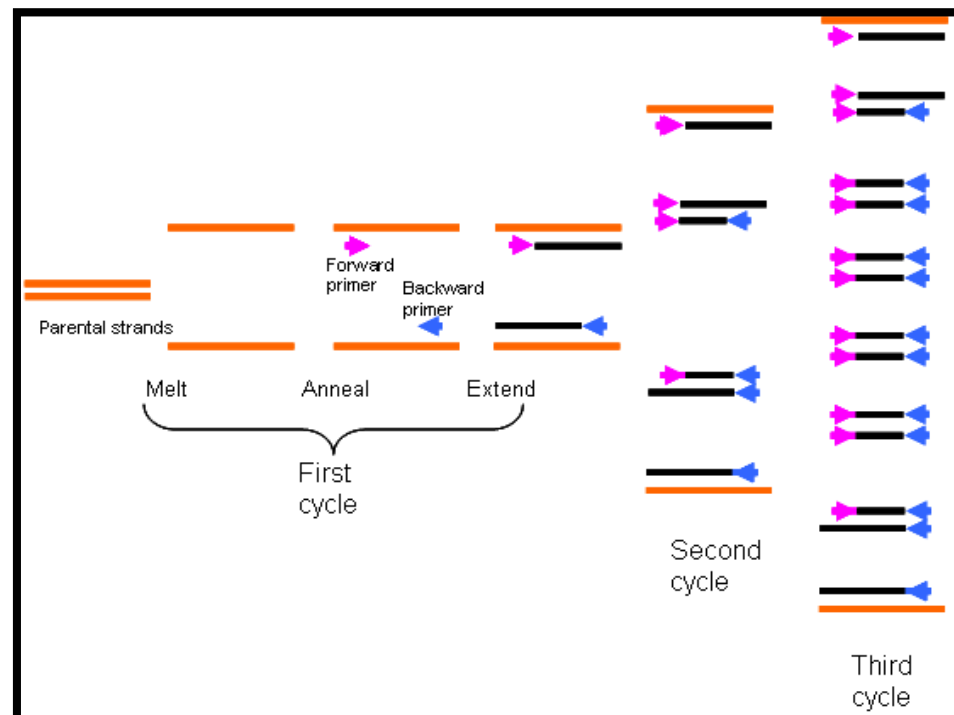
<p>3.4 Check for correct positioning of cluster</p> <p>If cluster is kicked off, put it on again</p>	
<p>3.5 Examine that udder is empty</p> <p>Teat dip/spray after milking</p>	
<p>3.6 Notes</p>	

PCR - Polymerase Chain Reaction

Opkoncentration af DNA i prøven

No need for live bacteria

Ct-værdi: lower means more gen in sample



Prøveresultat af tankmælksundersøgelse

Bakterietype/egen	Tankprøve	Tidligere tankprøve resultater			
	16.01.11	04.01.11	02.01.11	29.11.10	01.11.10
Staf. aureus	34,7	29,6	36,0	36,4	34,4
Enterococcus sp	29,2	25,7	33,9	33,1	35,3
C. bovis	34,4	40,0	33,9	38,7	38,9
Beta-lactam	31,4	28,0	33,5	40,0	37,3
E.coli	34,1	25,4	33,9	39,7	32,3
Strep dysgalactiae	31,3	26,6	31,9	32,8	25,9
Staph sp	27,9	25,2	28,8	32,4	30,0
B-strep	27,6	22,3	27,4	26,8	29,6
Strep uberis	35,4	31,8	35,9	40,0	33,4
Klebsiella sp	40,0	40,0	40,0	40,0	40,0
S. marcescens	40,0	40,0	40,0	40,0	40,0
A. pyogenes+P. ind.	31,9	35,9	35,1	37,0	33,7

Din tankmælk er blevet undersøgt med en ny test

I forbindelse med et projekt om yverbetændelse er vi ved at undersøge en ny test til påvisning af bakterier i tankmælk. Den nye testmetode hedder PCR. Med dette brev får du resultatet af denne test for din besætning (se ovenfor). Du kan bruge resultatet til at vurdere, hvor du kan sætte ind med forebyggelse af yverbetændelse i din besætning. Den nye test giver nemlig et fingerpeg om, hvor bakterierne i mælken fra din besætning kommer fra - dvs. fra staldmiljøet eller yveret.

Hvert år undersøges din tankmælk for B-streptokokker ved en dyrkningsundersøgelse. Resultatet af denne undersøgelse fremgår af din hændelsesliste. Det skal understreges, at det stadig er resultatet af den undersøgelse, der afgør din besætnings B-streptokok-status, og ikke resultatet af nærværende PCR-undersøgelse.

Den nye PCR-test

Du får målt det totale kimtal i din mælk hver 14 dag. Disse kim kommer især fra bakterier, der stammer fra overfladen i slanger, pakninger, rør og tank. Det totale kimtal vil kunne bringes under 10.000 ved god rengøring med rigeligt varmt vand og korrekt køling.

I nogle tilfælde kommer kimene imidlertid fra bakterier på yveret eller fra overfladen af pattene under malkningen. Med den nye PCR-test, som foretages af Eurofins/Steins Laboratorium, er det nu muligt at bestemme fordelingen og mængden af flere af disse bakterier.

Prøvesvaret angives som en Ct-værdi. Jo lavere Ct-værdi - jo mere var der af bakterien i prøven. Det vil med andre ord sige, at en lav Ct-værdi angiver en høj bakterieforekomst.

CT-værdi under 28 meget høj værdi
 CT værdi 28 - 34 positiv
 CT værdi 34 - 37 lav
 CT værdi over 37 negativ/tvivlsom
 CT værdi 40 er negativ (No Ct)

Bulk tank PCR
results for
farmers

Ct value for the
different
bacteria and
results of the
last 5 testings

Dansk Kvæg	Malkkvæg	PCR Undersøgelse
	Bes-nr Kontrol dato 22.01.10 4	Udskrevet 28.01.10 17.34 Side 2

Sådan kan du bruge PCR-resultatet

CT-værdierne vil kunne give et fingerpeg om, hvor du kan sætte ind med forebyggende tiltag i forbindelse med yversundheden og malkehygiejnen i din besætning. I skemaet nedenfor kan du se, hvilke bakterier der er knyttet til yveret, og hvilke der er knyttet til staldmiljøet.

Yver-bakterier

Hvis PCR-testen af din besætning viser lave Ct-værdier (under 28) for bakterietyper, der er knyttet til yveret, tyder det på, at du kan forbedre yversundheden ved at få undersøgt malkeprocedure og malkeanlæg. Samtidig vil det være fornuftigt at begrænse smittespredning ved at bruge pattedesinfektion og goldbehandling.

Miljø-bakterier

Hvis PCR-testen af din besætning viser lave Ct-værdier (under 28) for bakterietyper, der er knyttet til staldmiljøet, tyder det på, at du kan forbedre yversundheden ved at fokusere på renere køer, renere båse og bedre yveraf tørring.

Vurder testresultatet med dine rådgivere

Du kan bruge testresultatet som et diskussionsoplæg med dine sædvanlige rådgivere - eksempelvis kvalitetsrådgiver, kvægbrugskonsulent eller dyrlæge. Testresultatet kan også ses i Dyreregistrering under "Vis udskrift".

Bakteriernes tilknytning til yver og/eller staldmiljø

	Yver	Miljø
Stafylococcus aureus	xxx	x
Enterococcus (inclusive E. faecalis og E. faecium)		xx
Corynebacterium bovis	x	x
Beta-Lactamase (penicillin resistens gen for stafylokokkerne)	xxx	x
Escherichia coli	xx	xx
Streptococcus dysgalactiae	xxx	x
Stafylokokker der ikke er aureus - inclusive alle vigtige CNS	xxx	
B-streptokokker (streptococcus agalactiae)	x	x
Streptococcus uberis	x	xxx
Klebsiella sp		xx
Serratia marcescens		x
Arcanobacterium pyogenes og Peptostreptococcus indolicus		xx

Ekstra tank prøver kan bestilles hos Eurofins. Pris kr. 128,00
E-mail: Hol-Serologi@eurofins.dk
Telefon 76604353, Vibeke Kirk Pallisgaard

How to use
result

For prophylactic
actions

Is bacteria
udder or
environment
related

7323

Give



Sundhedsstatus

Overvågning tankmælk

Tilknyttede bes.nr Staldopdeling Indlæs Udlæs Øremærkebestilling Sundhedsstatus

Prøvetype: PCR

Sygdom Overvåg enkeltdyr Overvåg tankmælk Bakt. fund Overvåg slagteblod KVR Journal ParaTB oversigt ParaTB tilmeld

Prøvemateriale		Udtagningsdato	Modtaget dato	Resultat			Status	Gyldig	Mejerinr	Leverandørnr	Art		Åjourført	
Kode	Tekst			Prøve	Kode	Tekst					Kode	Tekst	Al bruger	Dato
3	Mælk	28-10-2009	28-12-2009				OK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	21058	11	Årlig Tankmælk	H6601	28-12-2009

Ny prøve
Ret prøve
Slet Ctrl+D
Fortryd række Ctrl+Z

Klip felt Ctrl+X
Kopier felt Ctrl+C
Indsæt felt Ctrl+V

Vis PCR-analysedata

Vis flere

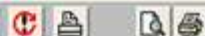
Vejleder X

Ejendom W

Besætning Q

7323

Give



Sundhedsstatus

Overvågning tankmælk

[Tilknyttede bes.nr](#) [Staldopdeling](#) [Indlæs](#) [Udlæs](#) [Øremærkebest.](#)

Prøvetype: PCR

[Sygdom](#) [Overvåg enkeltdyr](#) [Overvåg tankmælk](#) [Bakt. fund](#)

Prøvemateriale		Udtagningsdato	Modtaget dato	Prøve
Kode	Tekst			
3	Mælk	28-10-2009	28-12-2009	

PCR resultater

Ejendom Udtagsdato 28-10-2009

Bakterietyper / gen	Resultat	Ajourført	
		af bruger	dato
Staf. aureus	33,0	H6601	28-12-2009
Enterococcus sp	34,9	H6601	28-12-2009
C. bovis	34,3	H6601	28-12-2009
Beta-lactam	35,0	H6601	28-12-2009
E.coli	40,0	H6601	29-12-2009
Strep dysgalactiae	30,4	H6601	28-12-2009
Staph sp	28,7	H6601	28-12-2009
Strep uberis	29,0	H6601	28-12-2009
Klebsiella sp	40,0	H6601	29-12-2009
S. macedensis	40,0	H6601	29-12-2009
A. pyogenes+P. ind.	40,0	H6601	29-12-2009
B-strep	40,0	H6601	29-12-2009

Luk

Art	Ajourført	
	af bruger	Dato
Daglig Tankmælk	H6601	28-12-2009

[Vis flere](#)

Vejleder X

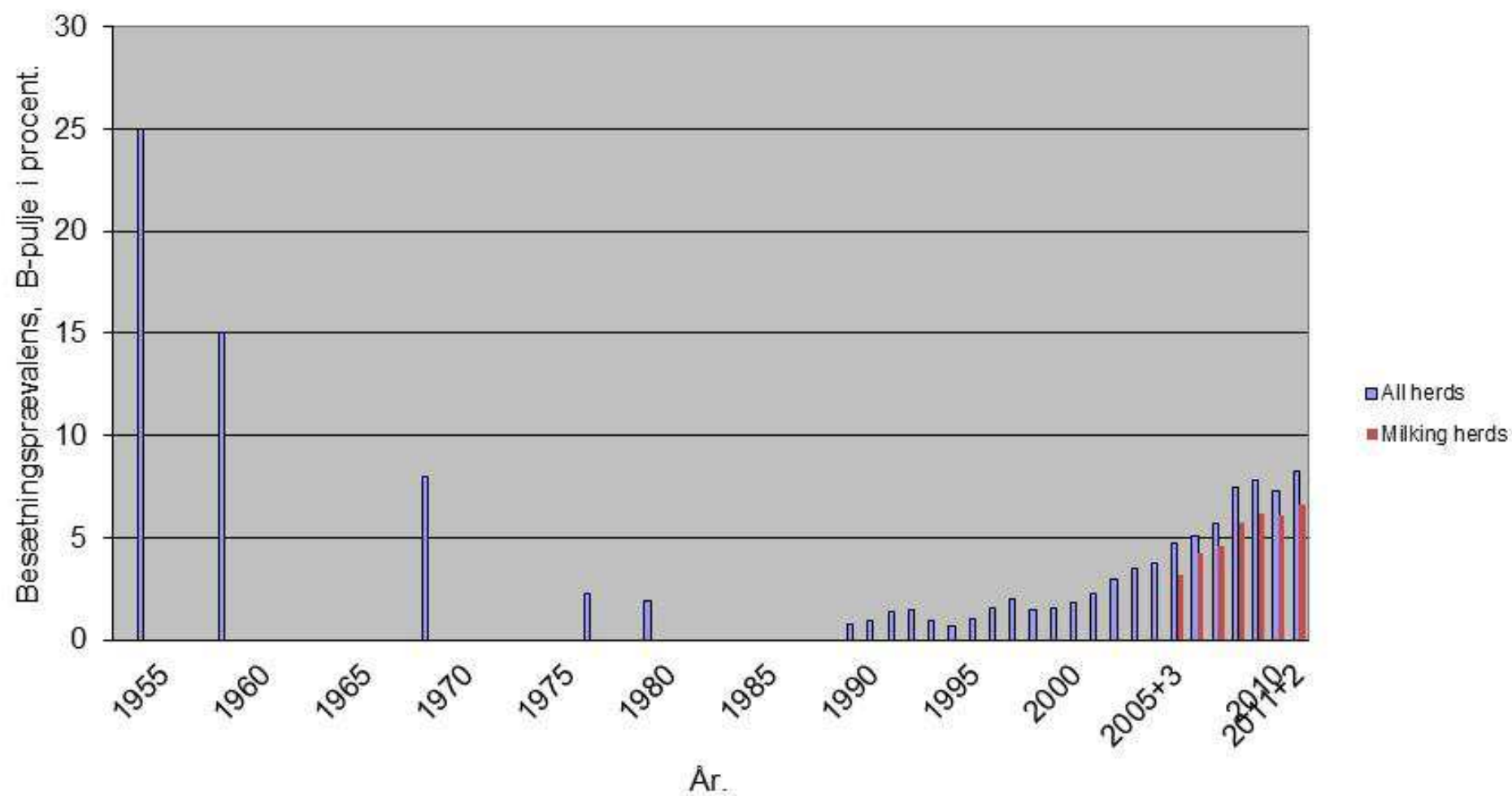
Ejendom W

Besætning O

Streptococcus agalactiae positive herds

År	Antal	PCR B-positive	Culture B-positive
2009	4258	301 (7,3 %)	198 (4.7 %)
2010	4093	271 (6,6 %)	141 (3.4 %)
2011	3921	244 (6,2%)	

Percent herds in Danish Streptococcus agalactiae register 1954 - 2011



PCR 2011

Bakteria	2009	2010	2011
Staf. aureus	9	19	34
Staf. spp	0	1	1
Beta-lactam	22	23	36
Str. agalactia (B)	93	93	94
Str. dys	14	20	28
Str. uberis	5	10	53
C. bovis	10	17	32
Enterococcus	22	33	46
E. coli	39	59	66
Klebsiella	87	83	87
S. macescens	98	99	99
A.pyo/P. ind	37	38	58
Mycoplasma bovis			98
Mycoplasma spp			88
Alger			99,6
Gær			19

Advice to farmer after result of PCR test if Ct < 30

Stafylokokkus aureus and *Streptococcus agalactiae*

5 point plan, good milking, post milk teat dipping, dry cow therapy, quick therapy of new cases, culling, milk with gloves

Streptococcus uberis

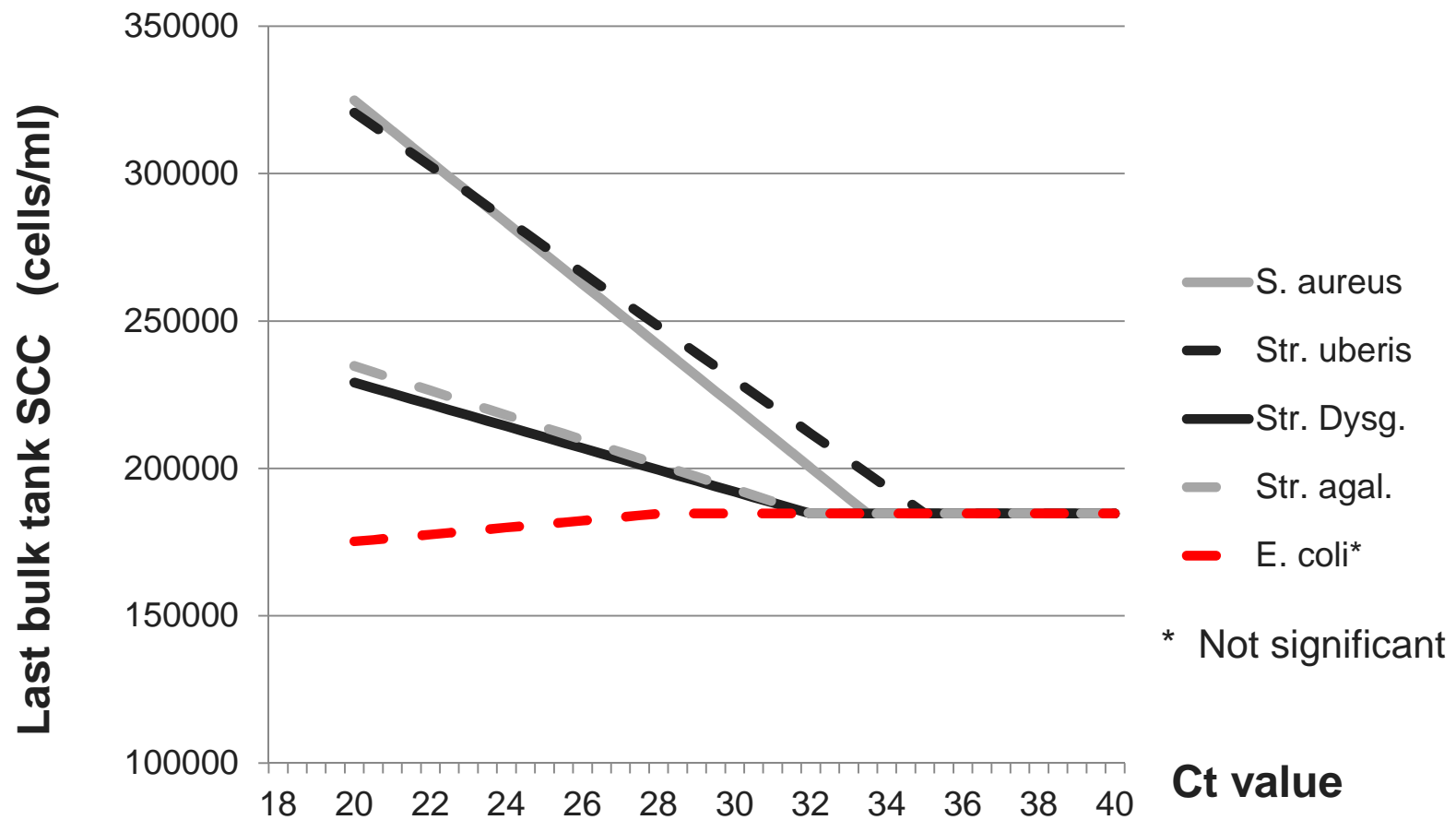
Clean cows, foam before milking, fresh food standing cows after milking, clean bedding, deep bedding more space

Streptococcus dysgalactiae *acanobacterium pyogenes*

Corynebacterium bovis

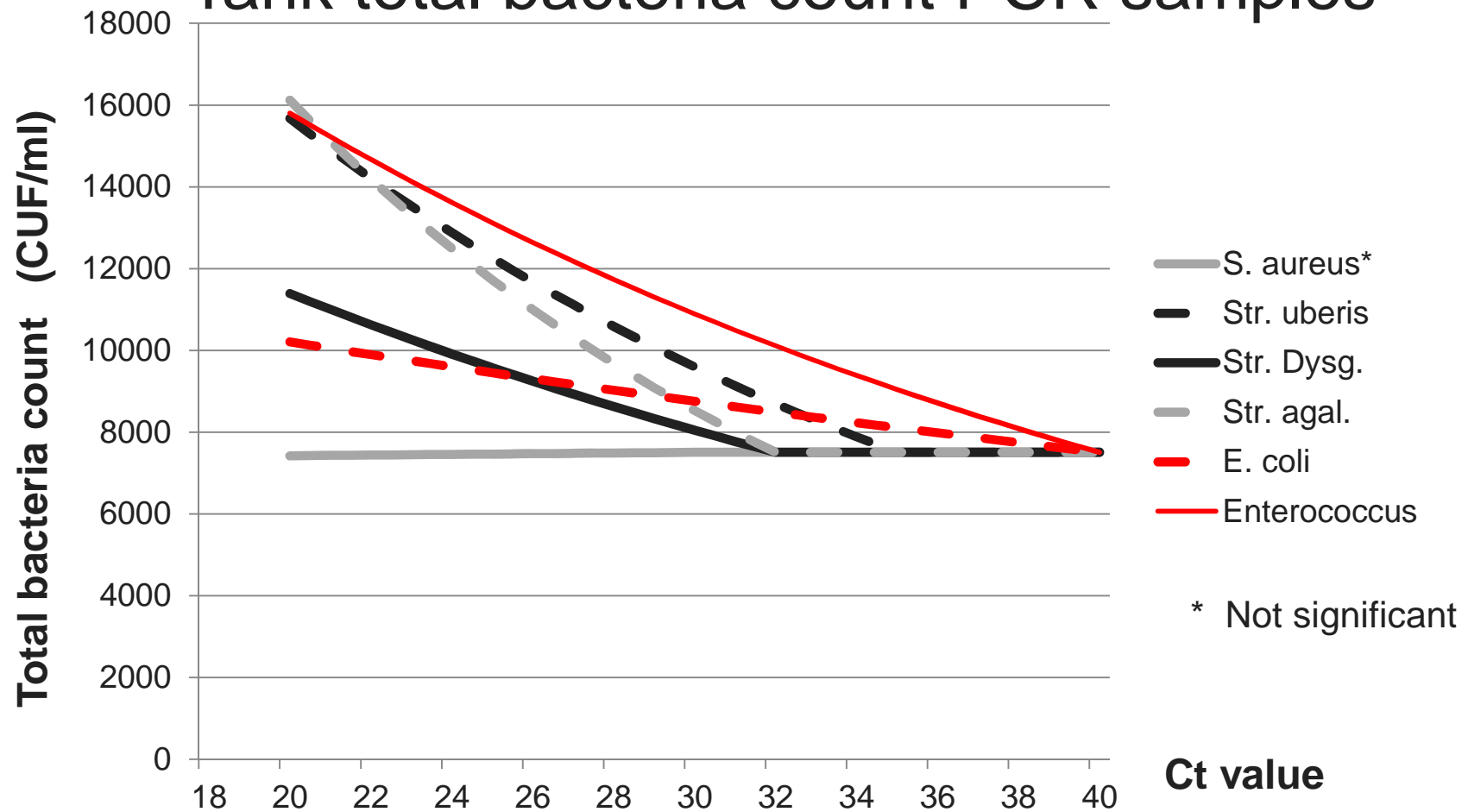
Better skin quality of teats, conditioner in post milk teatdipping, virus infections at teats

Tank Somatic Cell count PCR samples



Output from combined mixed linear model – estimate for each bacteria

Tank total bacteria count PCR samples

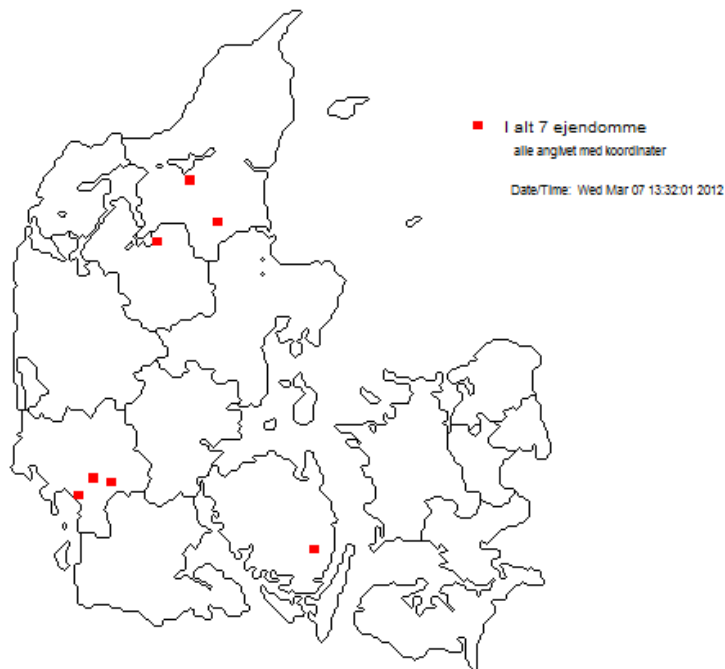


Output from combined mixed linear model – estimate for each bacteria

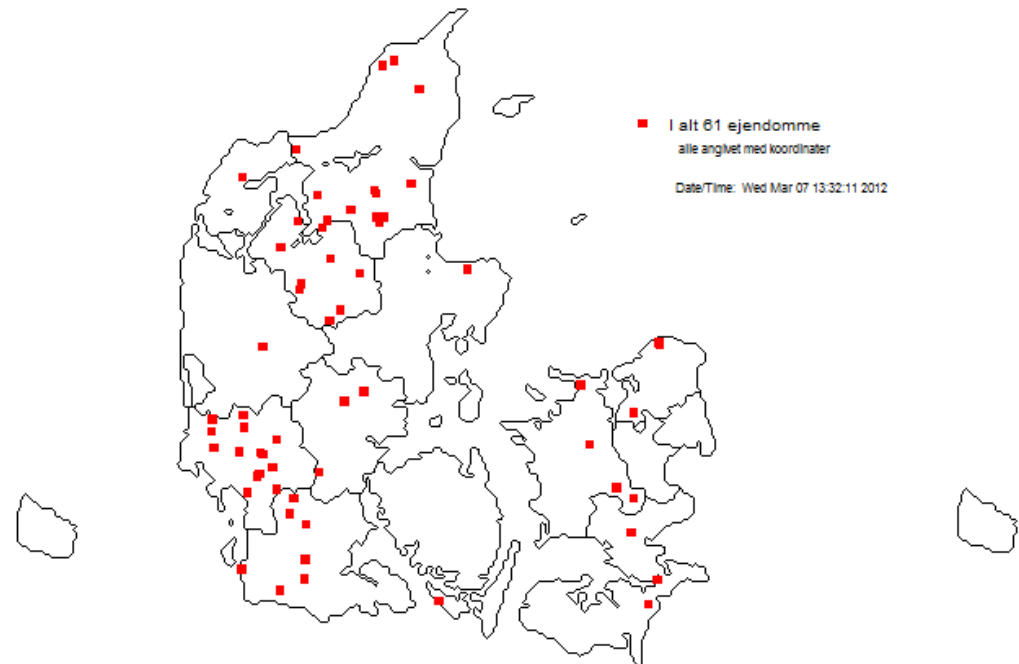


PCR – Bulk tank Myc. bovis

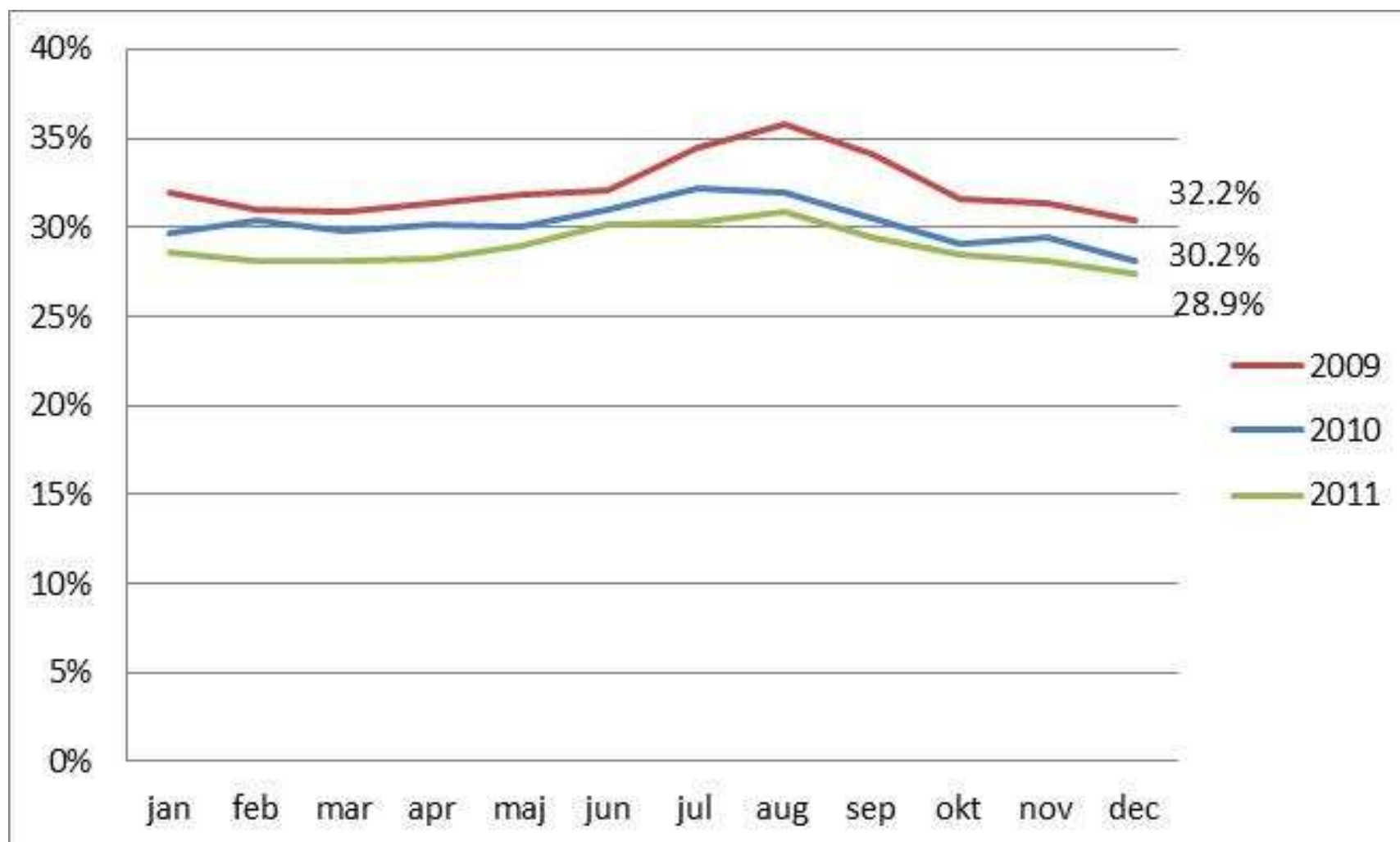
Mycoplasma - bovis - under 30 - 2011



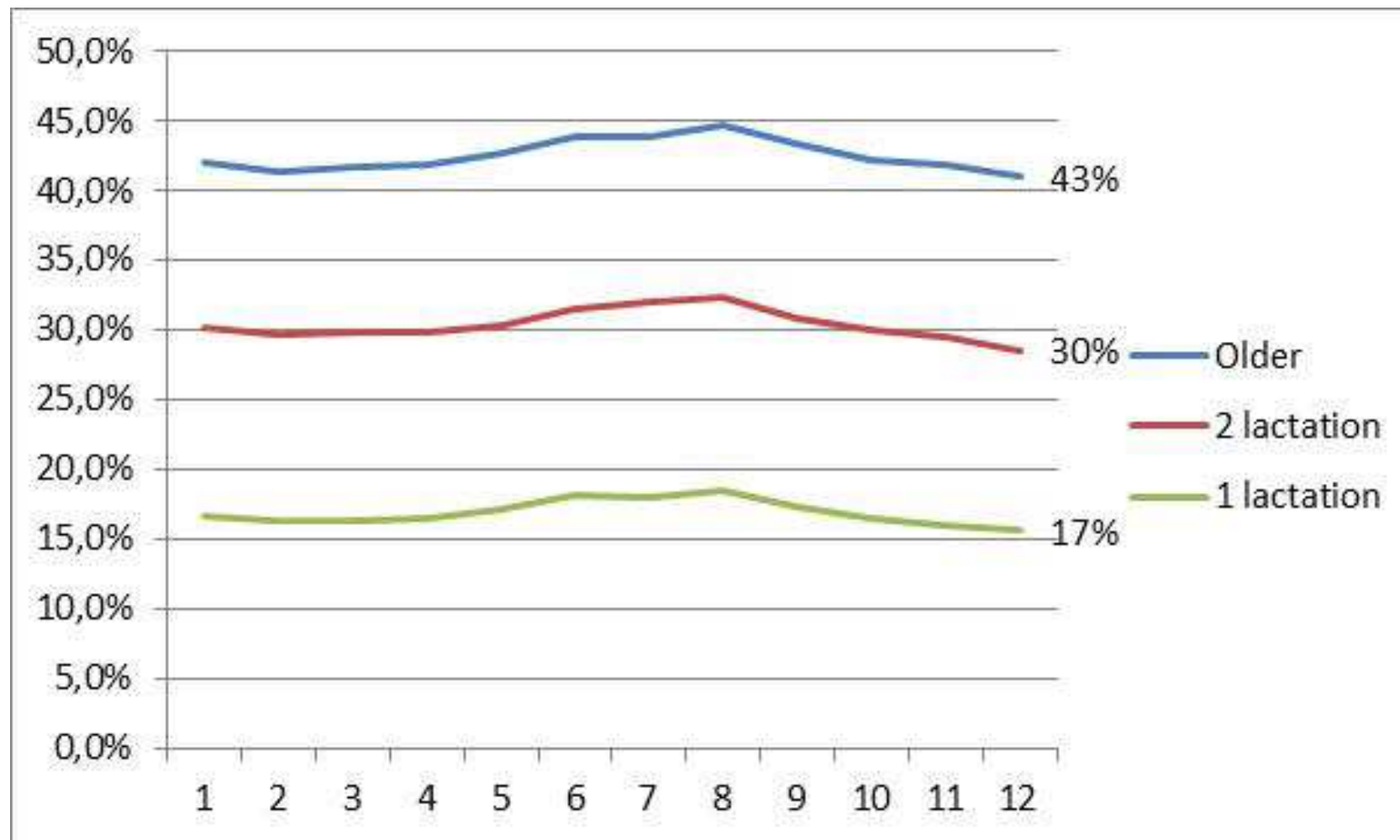
Mycoplasma - bovis - >=30 - 2011



Percent cows with 200.000 SCC and more



Percent cow with 200.000 SCC or more by lactation in 2011



Percent infected cows DHI samples Dynamic in lactation

	2011
fresh	63
New infected of fresh	13
Chronic	17
Cured of infected	32

Percent infected cows DHI samples Dynamic in dry period

	2011		2011
	First	Other	All
Fresh befor dry of	78	53	64
Fresh after dry of	69	57	62
Newinfected of fresh	28	37	31
Cured of infected	57	50	52

DHI - Dynamic in dry periode and therapy

2011 – 339.251perioodes

2011 Therapy	none	Antibiotic	Test sealant	Both
	266.275	65877	5623	1476
Fresh before dry	67	52	76	50
Fresh after dry	60	70	59	76
Newinfected of fresh	34	24	35	20
Cured of infected	48	64	42	73

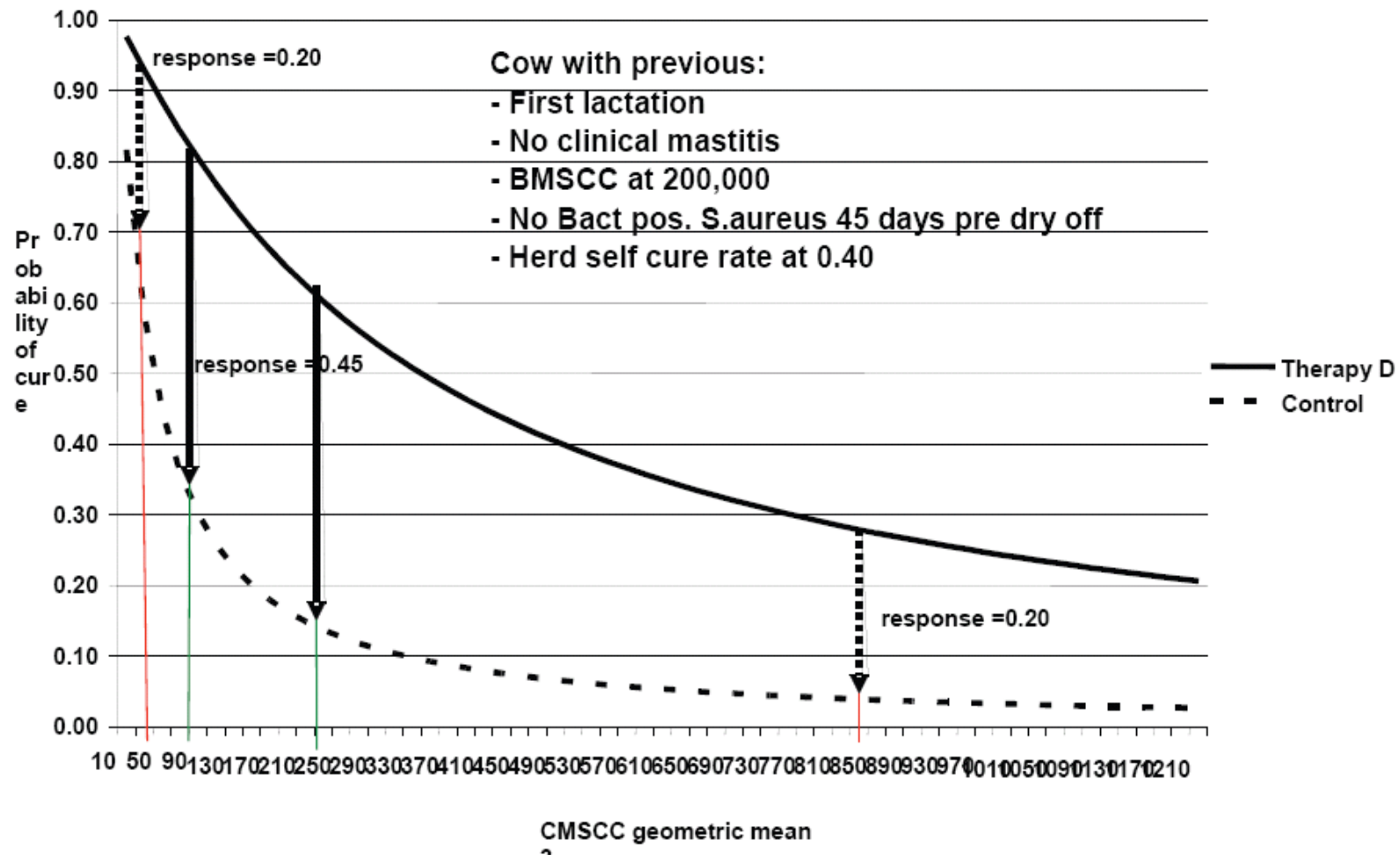


Figure 7. Probability of cure according to CMSCC at the end of lactation stratified on dry cow therapy (-) or no therapy (- -)



At dry of	% < 200.000 after calving					
	without major pathogen			With one major under 40		
	Untreated	Treated	Diff	Untreated	Treated	Diff
< 100.000	75	84	-9	75	81	-6
100-200	63	77	-14	62	76	-14
200-400	60	70	-10	56	71	-15
400-800	51	69	-18	49	64	-15
> 800.000	55	62	-7	48	56	-8



Culturing by veterinarians		
	2009	2010
Staf aureus	18	18
Staf aureus pen res	0.5	0.4
CNS	23	26
CNS pen res	0.7	0.4
B-strep	0.2	0.3
Streptokok dys	7	7
Strep uberis	14	14
Enterococcer	4	4
A. pyogenes	1	1
E. coli	8	8
Gær	0.6	0.5
mælke prøve anden bakt	6	5
ingen vækst	17	16
Klebsiella		
Number	243.000	220.000



Mastitis therapy

If you treat acute mastitis with other drug than simple penicillin

You must also use

- oxytocin and milk out

- 2 litter 9% NaCl iv.

- evt additional fluid po.

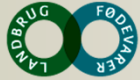
- Calcium iv.

- NSAID'S

- evt. Rompun epidural

- and take milk sample

New in DK if not simple penicillin then milk sample



Milk yield and bacterial infection

Schukken et al 2009

Infection

CNS	+ 0.45 kg/day	sd 0.12	p<0.001
S. agalactiae	- 3.6 kg/day	sd 0.12	p<0.001
Streptococcus spp	- 1.6 kg/day	sd 0.18	p<0.001
S. aureus	- 1.8 kg/day	sd 0.18	p<0.001

352,614 records from 4,200 whole herd mastitis screenings



Our Milk
- a pure pleasure



CNS

Time after calving

1. Week

SCC

0.5 mill - 4 mill

2. Week

30.000 - 200.000

Mid lactation

100.000 - 300.000

At dry of

150.000 - 1.5 mill

J Perry et al, IDF 2010



CNS

BMSCC

Prevalens CNS

<150.000

30%

Medium

19%

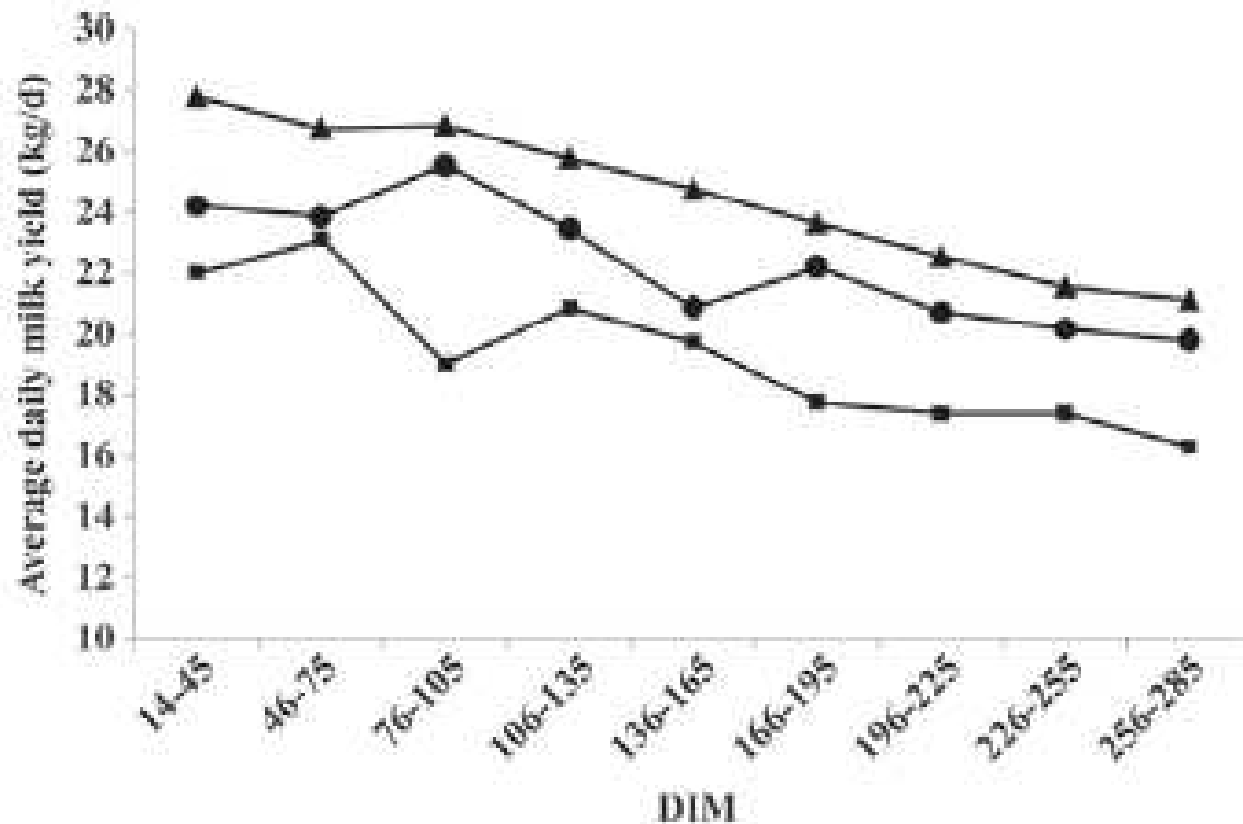
High

18%

Sampimon 2009

CNS

Piepers et al 2010



Infected cows

Higher yield

Lower culling

Lower mastitis

Than non infected

And more compared
to major infected

Figure 3. The actual average daily milk yield in the first 285 DIM of 85 dairy heifers that were not infected (●), infected with CNS (▲), or infected with a major pathogen (■) in early lactation.

SCC of cows positive for *Staf aureus*

Monthly Somatic Cell Count

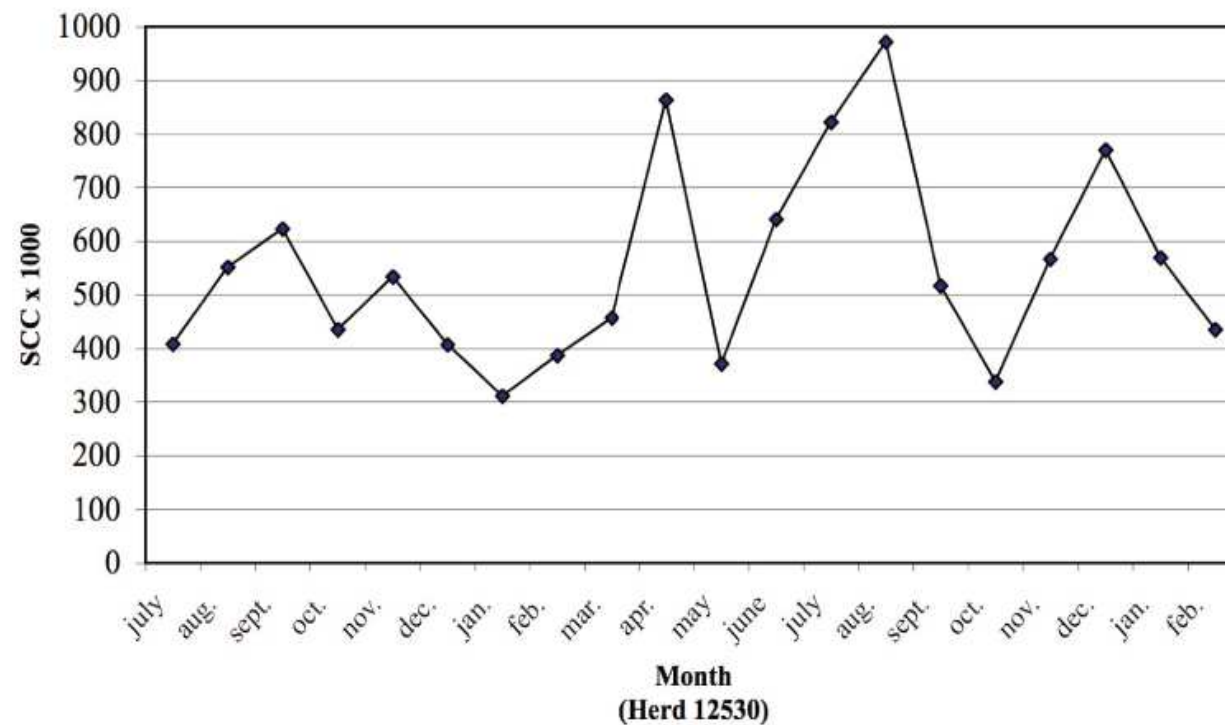


Figure 6. SCC of cows positive for *Staphylococcus aureus* in herd 12530

E. Bouchard et al 2006

SCC of cows negative for Staf. aureus

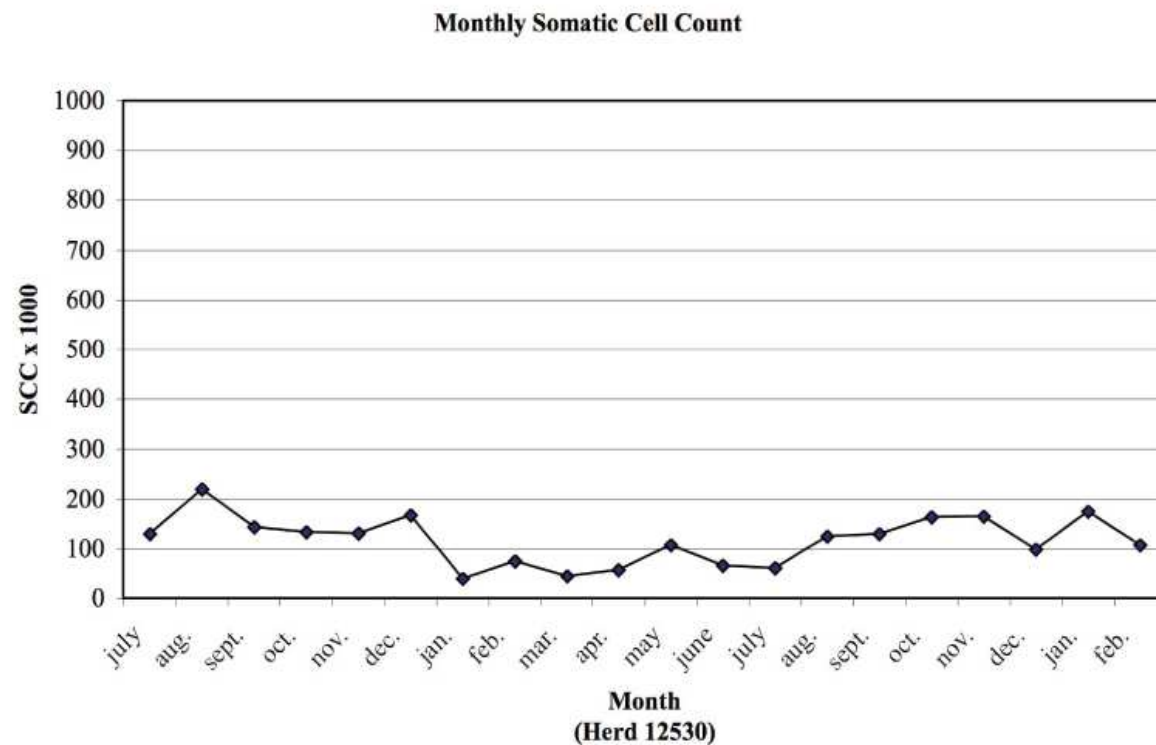


Figure 5. SCC of cows negative at culture in herd 12530

Overmilking and post milk teat dipping

Preparation time

70 to 80 sec

Take off

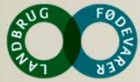
400 – 500 ml/min

3 times milking 600 ml/min

Post milk teat dipping

1% Iodine and conditioner





Stafylokok aureus, streptokok dys and strep agalactiae

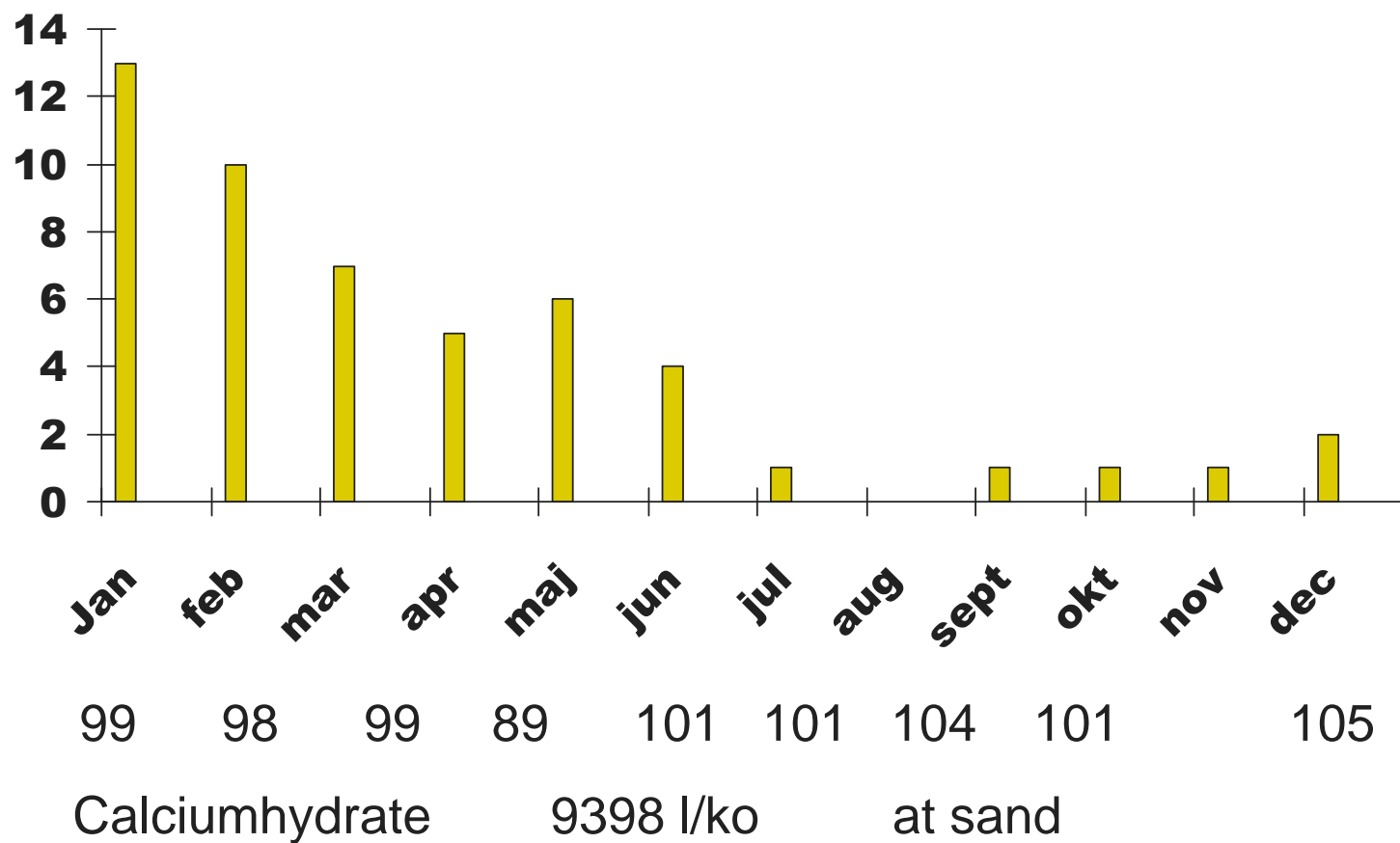
- Milking equipment and milking procedure
 - Milk with gloves
- Post milk teat disinfection
- Dry cow therapy
- Early therapy of new cases
- Segregation, culling

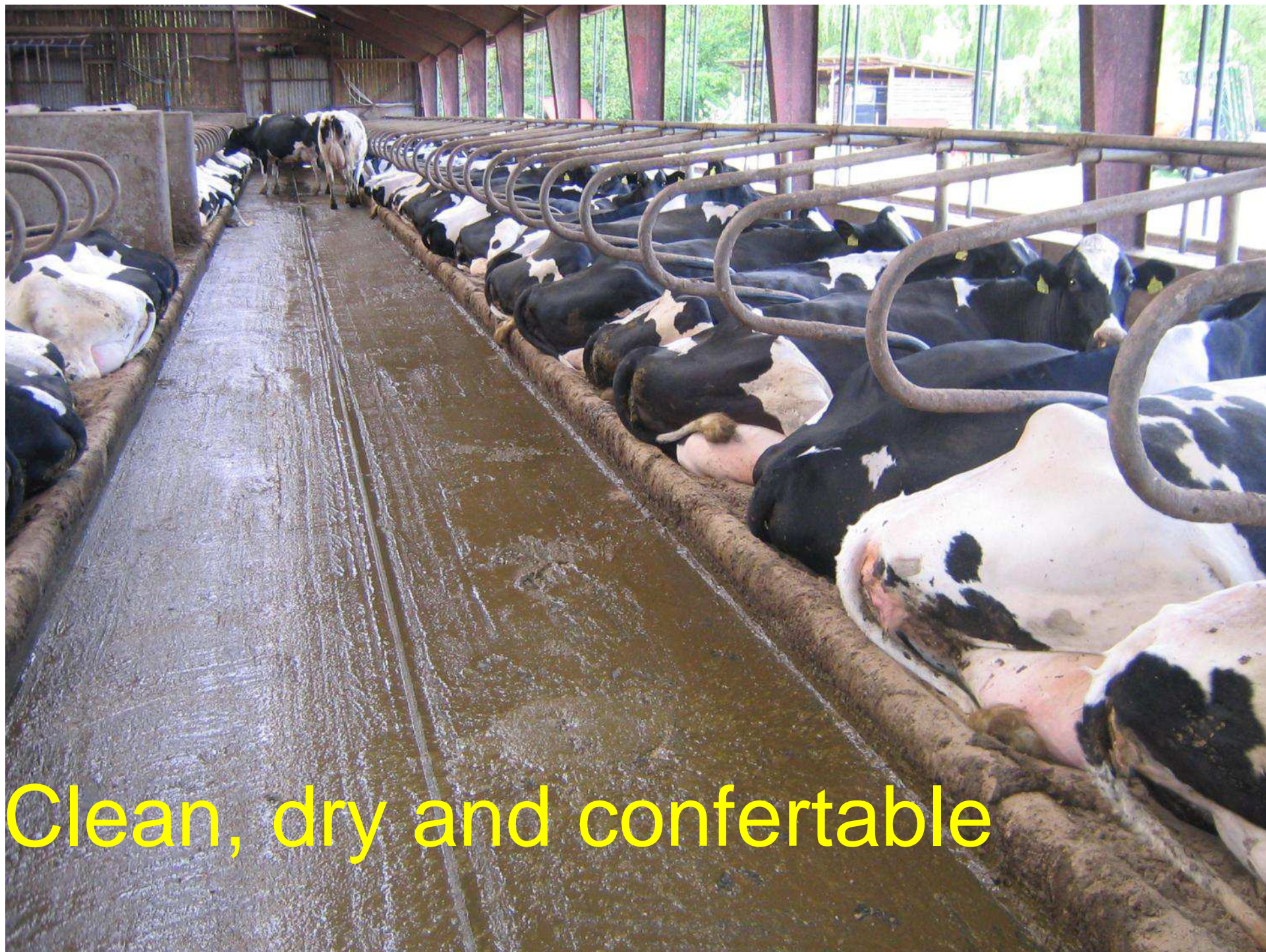




Streptokokkus uberis

2000





Clean, dry and comfortable













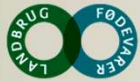






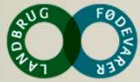






Mastitis and udder and leg hygiene

udder hygiene score	Prevalens IMI	
	contagious	environmental
1	2,8 %	9,7 %
2	4,7	9,6
3	5,1	12,1
4	7,4	13,8



Streptococcus uberis

- Clean cows
- Foam before milking
- Dry cow therapy - Teat sealant
- Quick therapy og new cases
- Fresh food after milking – standing ½ -1 hour
- Clean waling area
- Bedding 500g/cow/day - sawdust or sand
- Deep bedding $> 7\text{m}^2$ / cow

Streptococcus agalactiae

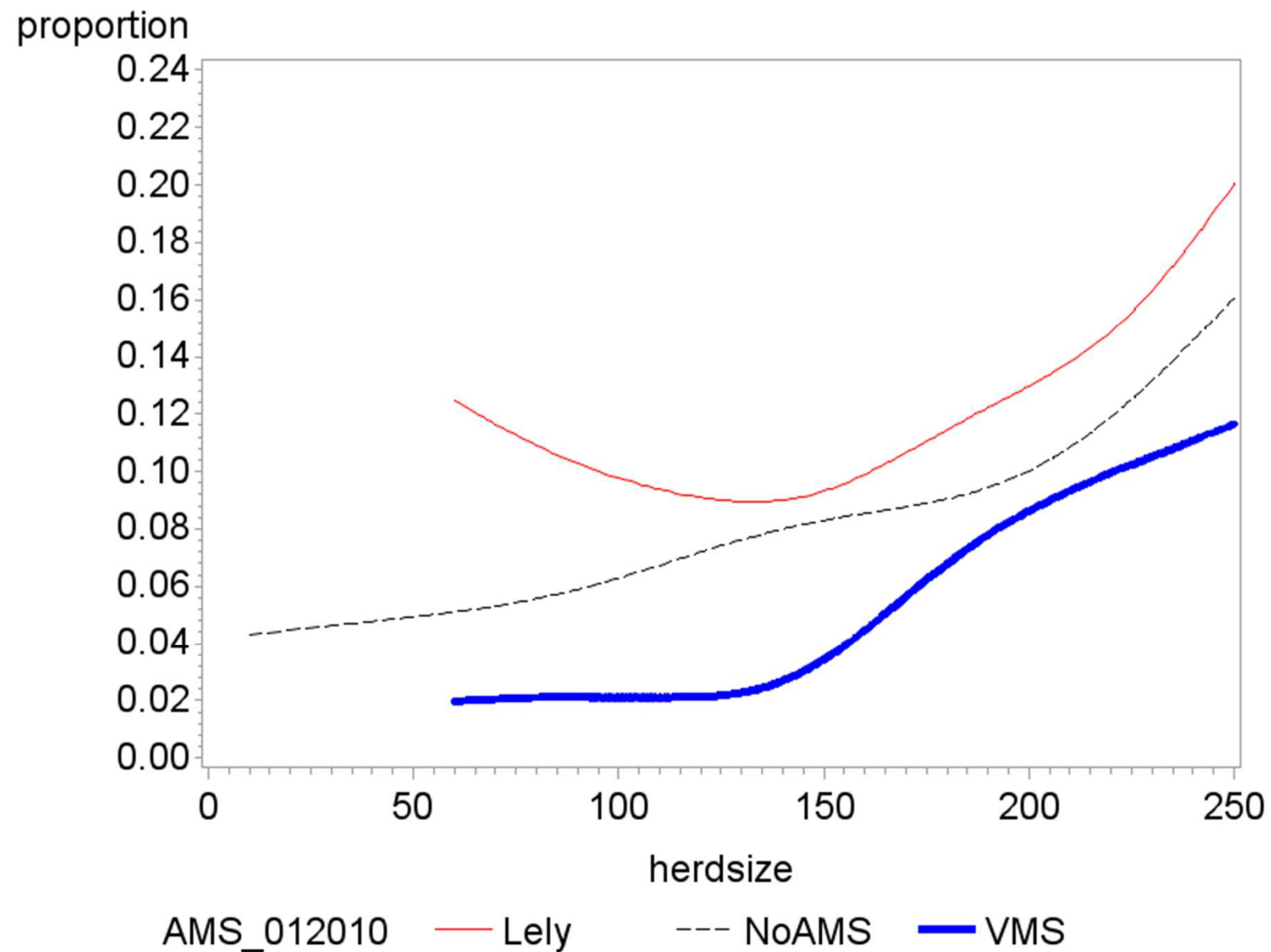




Herds in B-register, percentage in relation to milking system and producer

Herd type	Number of herds	% herds in B-register
Lely	401	10.2%
DeLaval	392	4.6%
Other AMS	67	9.0%
Conventional	3391	5.7%
Ecologic		
Total	4251	6.1%

Data 21 December 2009



Streptococcus agalactiae and TBC

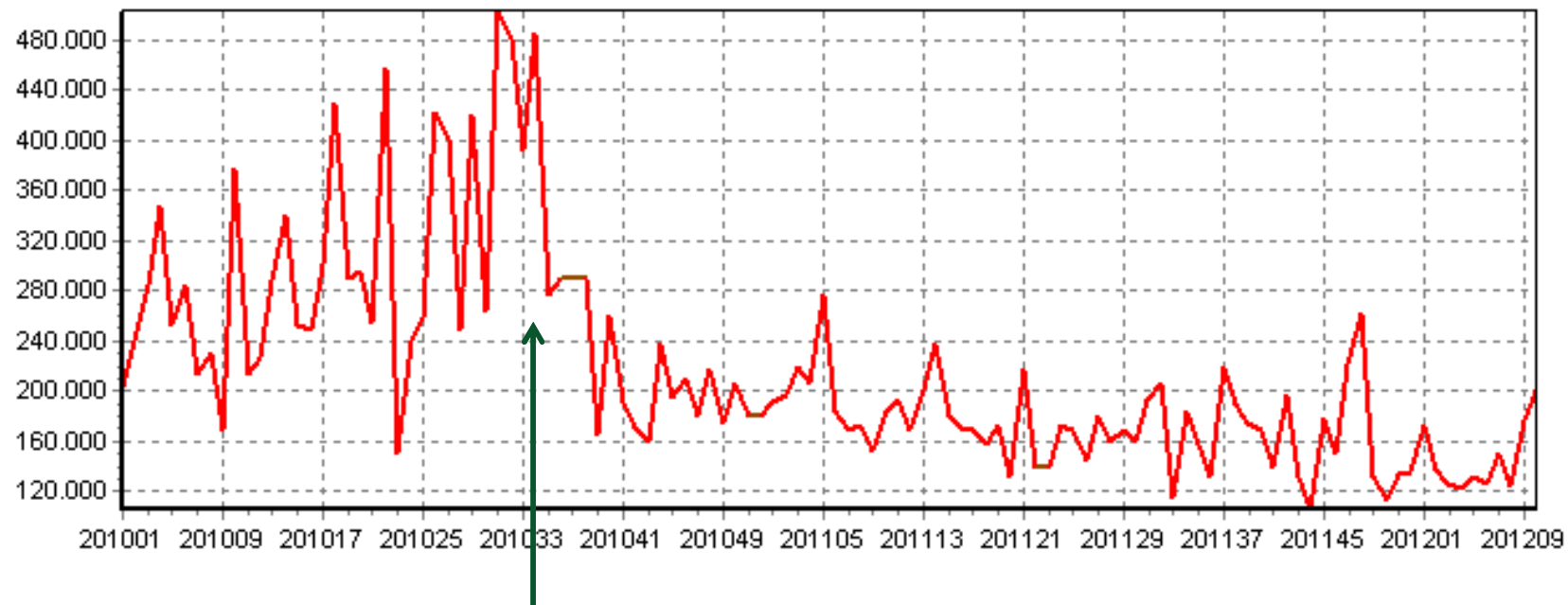
B streptokok pcr<32	TBC over 30000	TBC over 50000
Yes	21 %	13 %
No	12%	6%



BO all cows treated (prevalence 85%)

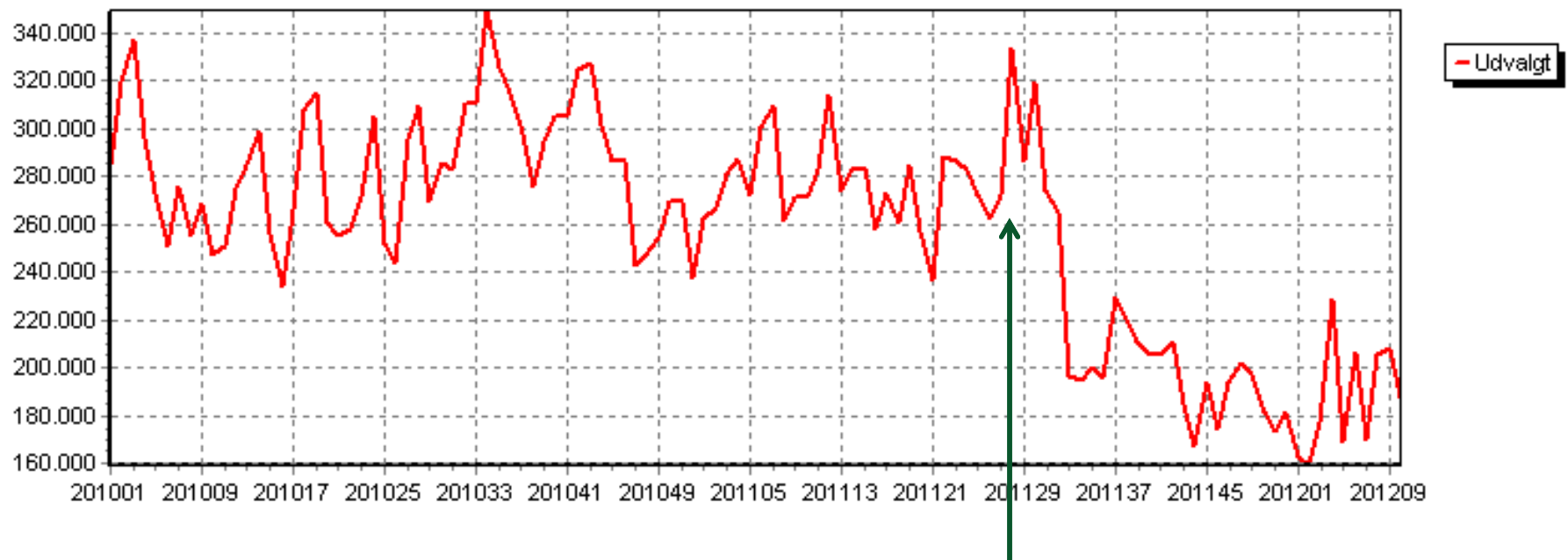
105 cows tested

SCC 25/1 2011 206.000



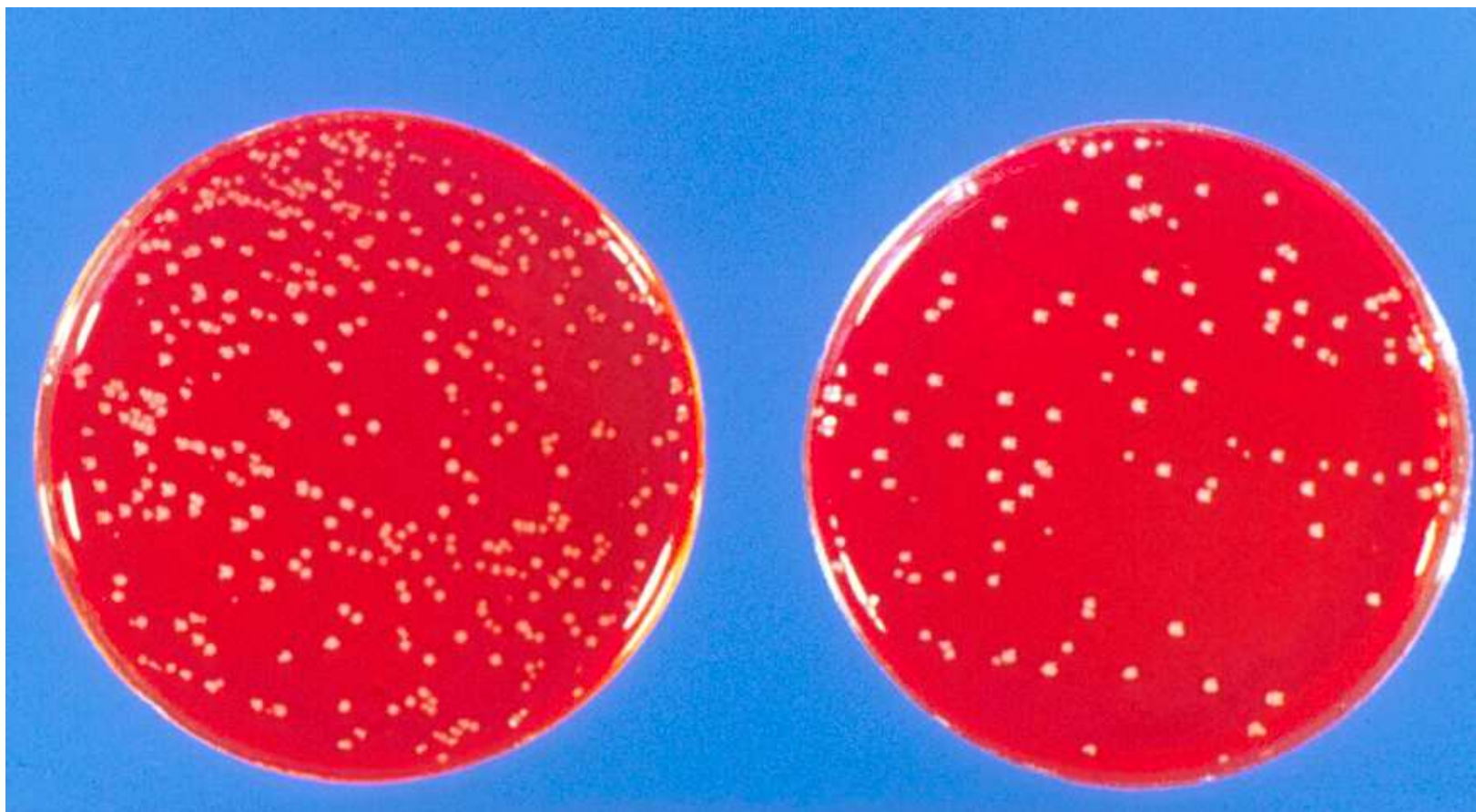
All cows treated 14-16/9 Etha/carp

JBK Segregation and therapy (prevalence 9%)

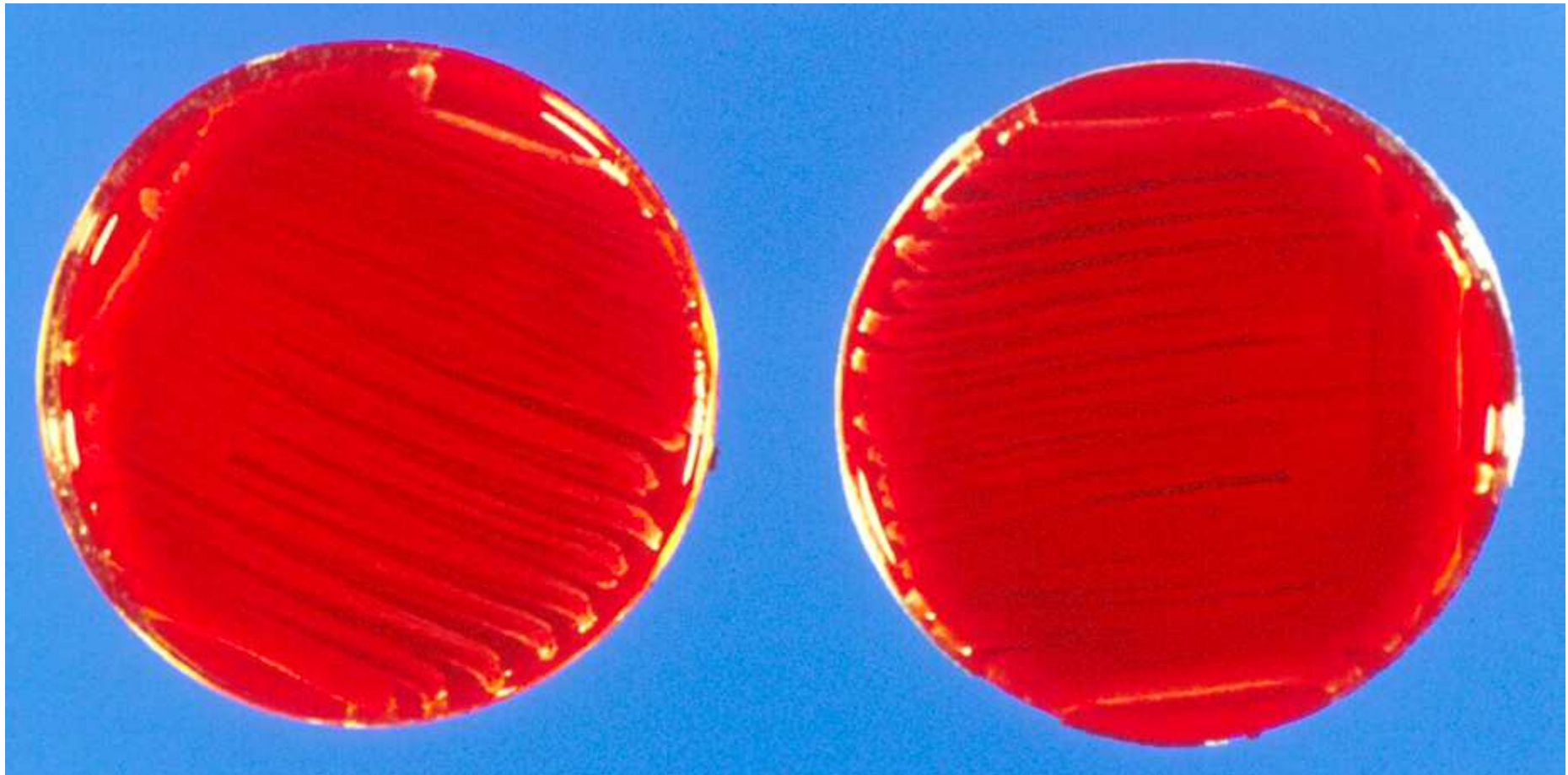


193 cows tested - 18 strep agalactiae positive cows segregated

Coliform mastitis - moderat



Coliform mastitis - severe





Ydelseskontrolprøver

Diagnose på infektion



Reducer overslæb ved ydelseskontrol -TAK





DHI – individual cows

- Dry cow therapy
- Test of all cows
- Segregation
 - Therapy
 - Dry cow therapy
 - Culling
- Eradication – *Strep agalactiae*

Automatic selection for dry cow sample

- 5 days before DHI
- SMS to owner
- Test of all cows less than 40 days to expected dry of
- SMS when results ready evt to veterinarian
- Results must be used 35 days from DHI day

Kvæg

Ydelseskontrol



Sundhed

Bestil veterinær analyser

Staldregistrering Produktion Sundhed V Besætning Dyr Egen udskrift Ins.plan Dataudtræk Masseindtastning

Sygdom Medicin Klinisk/veffærdssreg Besætningsdiagnoser Symptomreg Behandlinger Dokumenter J Bluetongue Vet. analyser

Seneste kontrollering med udtagning af ParaTB-prøver

26-11-2009

Næste planlagte ydelseskontrol med udtagning af ParaTB-prøver

-

Næste planlagte ydelseskontrol

03-02-2010

Forventet kælvdato er beregnet pr.

16-01-2010

Søgekriterier:

CTV >

Lakt. >

Dag

Bestilling til hele besætningen:

☐ Paratuberkulose☐ Salmonella

Bestil

Dyr nr	Lakt. nr.	Forventet kælvning	Dage til forv. kælvning	goldning	ParaTB					Inf. gr.	Prøve	Salmonella			PCR				Godkendt	Ajourført	
					1	2	3	4				1	2	Prøve	1	2	3	Prøve		Dato	At
01345	6				0,0		0,0	0,0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	5	5		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01349	6	03-07-2010	168	126	0,0		0,1		0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	1	2	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01370	5	02-06-2010	137	95	0,0		0,1	0,1	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	3	2	3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01441	5	15-07-2010	180	138	0,2				0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	1	2	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01446	5	13-08-2010	209	167	0,0				0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	5	5	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01459	5	18-05-2010	122	80	0,0		0,1	2,7	5	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01460	4	24-01-2010	8		0,0		0,0	0,0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>		3	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01470	4	09-07-2010	174	132	0,0		0,0	0,0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	4	5	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01557	4	10-07-2010	175	133	0,0				0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	2	3	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01558	3	25-07-2010	190	148	0,0				0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	2	2	3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01584	4	17-08-2010	213	171	0,0				0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	1	3	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01587	4				0,0		0,0	0,0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	2	1	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01601	3				0,0		0,1	0,0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	3	4	4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01604	4						0,1	0,1	0	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	1			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01633	4						0,0	0,1	3	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	5		1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
01634	4	23-07-2010	188	146	0,0			0,1	3	<input type="checkbox"/>				<input type="checkbox"/>	1	1	4	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		

Antal prøver ialt: ParaTB 0 Salmonella 0 PCR 0

Seneste bestilling: Dato - - - KL - - - At RYY663

Opdater forventet kælvdato

Tidligere bestillinger

Slet alle bestillinger





Godkend bestilling

Vejleder X

Ejendom W

Besætning Q



9510 Arden    

Sundhedsstatus

Tilmeld PCR

[Tilknyttede bes.nr](#) [Staldopdeling](#) [Indlæs](#) [Udlæs](#) [Øremærkebestilling](#) [Sundhedsstatus](#)

Prøvetype:

[Sygdom](#) [Overvåg enkelt dyr](#) [Overvåg tankmælk](#) [Bakt. fund](#) [Overvåg slagteblod](#) [KYR](#) [Journal](#) [ParaTB oversigt](#) [ParaTB tilmeld](#) [PCR tilmeld](#)

Tilmelding automatisk udpegning af goldkøer til PCR

Periode		Dyrlæge					Konsulent					Ajourført	
Fra dato	Til dato	Aut.nr.	Navn	E-mail	Telefon	Mobil	Nr.	Navn	E-mail	Telefon	Mobil	Dato	Af bruger
20-12-2010												20-12-2010	RYKLS

Kriterier (celletal angives i hele tusinder, f.eks.: 200 for 200.000)

Fra dato	Til dato	Celletal forrige	Celletal forrige tre	Celletalsvædi forrige	Celletalsvædi forrige tre	Ajourført	
		ydelseskontrol over:	ydelseskontroller over:	ydelseskontrol over:	ydelseskontroller over:	af bruger	dato



Dansk Kvæg	Malkekvæg	PCR - Besætningsudskrift
	Bes-nr Kontrol dato 22.01.10 4	Udskrevet 08.02.10 15.32 Side 1 Jørgen Katholm 87 31 20 00 9985

Tankmælksundersøgelser

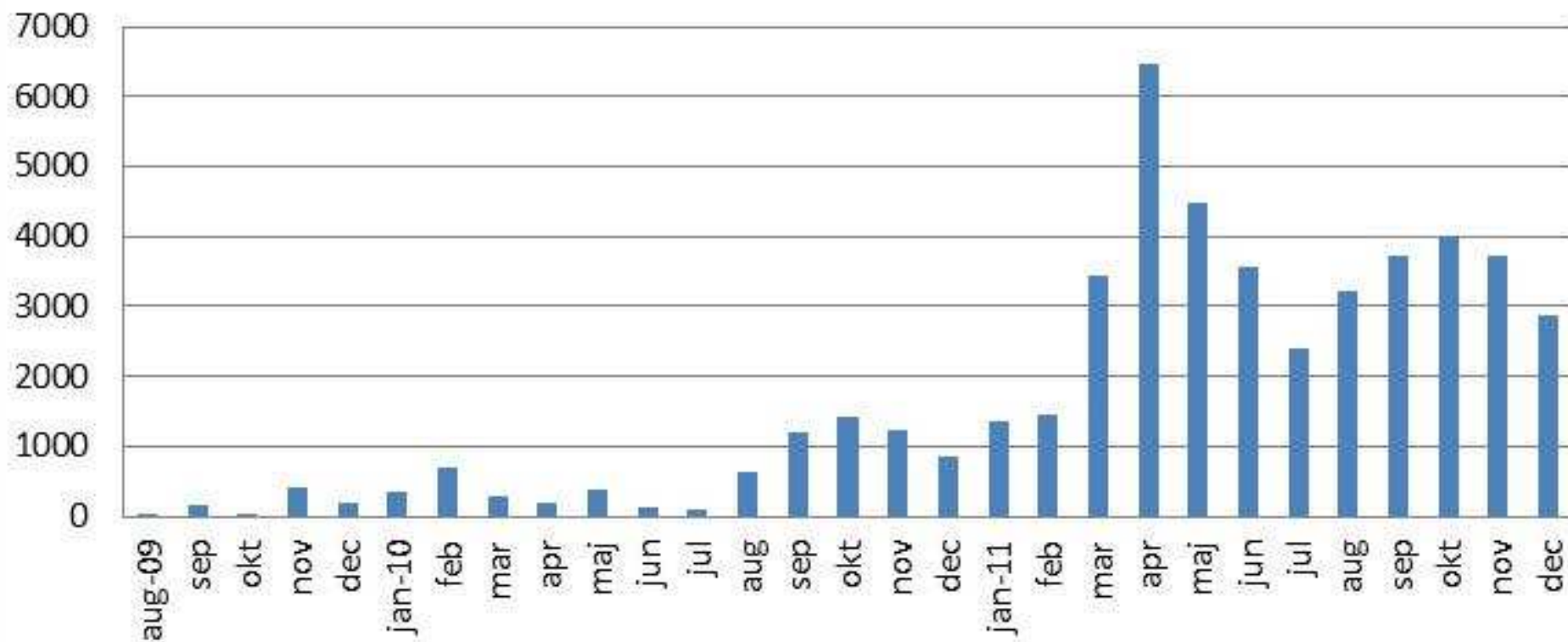
Dato		Staf a	Staf sp	Lac-tam	B-str	Str d	Str u	Ent	C. Bovis	E. Coli	Kle	S. Mac	A. pyo
20.01.2010		34,5	33,2	35,8	40	40	31,7	40	32	39,9	40	40	39,6

Enkeltdyrundersøgelser

CKRdyrn Dato	DEK	Staf a	Staf sp	Lac-tam	B-str	Str d	Str u	Ent	C. Bovis	E. Coli	Kle	S. Mac	A. pyo
-00023 2010	191	40	29,3	34,6	37,4	36,3	34,6	40	40	40	40	40	37,5
-00337 2010	415	40	24,8	26,2	40	40	40	40	26,1	40	40	40	40
-00549 2010	479	40	29,9	37,3	33,6	40	40	40	32,3	40	40	40	40
-00790 2010	194	40	27,4	30,1	40	40	39,4	40	27,7	40	40	40	40
-00830 2010	51	40	27,6	32,9	40	40	40	40	28,5	37,9	40	40	35
-01003 2010	374	40	37,4	40	40	40	40	40	28,4	40	40	40	40
-01031 2010	298	27,2	24,9	31,7	40	40	40	40	32,7	39,7	40	40	40
-01075 2010	176	27,2	24,7	26,6	40	40	38,9	40	30,2	40	40	40	40
-01077 2009	200	40	40	40	40	40	15,9	40	40	33,1	40	40	40
-01092	642	29,1	22,4	24,7	22,8	40	40	28,6	23,5	40	40	40	36



Individual Cow PCR



2009	847
2010	7468
2011	40722



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